CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER, Special Barton-en-
Number with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324-nett, all complete.
Full particulars supplied free.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER, Special Barton-en-
Number with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324-nett, all complete.
Full particulars supplied free.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. X. NO. 219 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1922. TWO ANNAS.

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SHIPPING.

P & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date. 1922	Steamers.		Tons.
9th September	MALWA	--	10,941
23rd "	KAISAR-I-HIND	--	11,430
30th "	NALDERA *	--	15,825
7th October	CALEDONIA	--	7.622
14th "	MACEDONIA †	--	11,089
21st "	DELTA	--	8,097
28th "	CHINA	--	7,952
4th November	KASHMIR	--	8.841
11th "	MANTUA †	--	10,902
18th "	MOREA	--	10,911
25th "	MALWA	--	10,941
2nd December	KAISAR-I-HIND	--	11,430
9th "	NARKUNDA *	--	16,227
16th "	CALEDONIA	--	7,622
23rd "	KARMALA †	--	9,098
30th "	KHIVA	--	9,097

NALDERA } * Through steamers from Australia.

MACEDONIA, MANTUA, KARMALA } † Through steamers from China

P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Bologne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

Date About	Steamers.		Tons.
27th October			8,258
24th November	MARGHA	--	8,660
24th "	MALDA	--	9,071
7th December	NEVASA	--	8,288
21st "	MASHOBRA	--	8,963
	MANTOLA	--	

SAILINGS TO STRAITS AND CHINA.

About			
16th "	SICILIA	--	
6th October	NARKUNDA	--	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nankin.
27th "	SOUDAN	--	
2nd November	KASHGAR	--	
23rd "	SICILLA	--	
15th December	MACEDONIA	--	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nellore.
31st "	SOUDAN	--	

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers.		Tons.
6th October.	NARKUNDA	--	16,227
24th November.	NALDERA	--	15,825
15th December.	MACEDONIA	--	11,089

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamers.	Destination.
15th Sept.	BAMORA	P. Gulf via Karach
15th "	VARELA	Basrah via Karachi
30th "	VITA	Karachi via Coast
29th "	TAROBA	East and South Africa.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage the P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co., Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

P. O. Box 122

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AND

B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT

Terms Rate of Freight and Passage may be arranged with:—

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Telephone No. 1230.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma calling at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other coast ports according to demand.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S. S. Jaladuta"	6700	18th Sept.

For freight and other particulars apply to HARDTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents, Scindia Buildings, Esch, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

N.Y.K. LINE.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

Regular Service to Japan via Singapore Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer,	Commander.	To na,	Arrival.	Dep.
†Gyokoh Maru	H. Ogata	6,101	26 Aug.	18 Sep
Akita Maru	Y. Kotoril	8,817	4 Sep.	18 Sep.
Wakasa Maru	M. Goto	6,083	14 Sep.	25 Sep.
Kamakata Maru	J. Fujisawa	5,843	21 Sep.	9 Oct.
Sanuki Maru	M. Tomita	5,872	12 Oct.	26 Oct.
Awa Maru	J. Saito	6,028	27 Oct	10 Nov.
Tosa Maru	T. Watanabe	5,622	11 Nov	25 Nov.

†This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, are fitted with electric lights and fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chefs carried.

For particulars, apply to—

Y. YOSHIDA, Manager.

Telephone No. 279, 4362.

Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

(Affiliated with the P. and O. Banking Corporation Ltd.)

AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL ... Rs. 65,00,000
RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ... Rs. 65,50,000
CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc., ... Rs., 5,00,000

HEAD OFFICE—ALLAHABAD.

BRANCHES.

Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussooree, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna and Rangoon.

SUB-AGENCIES.

Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park, Lucknow, Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Hapur Lucknow City Office, Lyallpur, Moradabad, Mutra, Rae Bareli, Sitapur.

CORRESPONDENTS.—In all the principal Towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS.—The P and O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Small sums received Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currency Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN, Agent.

Bombay Branch, Allahabad Bank Buildings, Apollo Street, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... $30,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ... £4,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ... $25,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ... $30,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE. 40, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Hongkong	Rangoon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Saigon
Batavia	Johore	San Francisco
Calcutta	Kobe	Shanghai
Canton	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Chefoo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Sungei Patani
Dairen	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Haiphong	New York	Vladivostock
Hamburg	Peking	Yloilo
Harbin	Penang	Yokohama
Hankow		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum ascerned amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

H. H. KIND, Agent.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1895.

Capital authorised ..... Rs. 100,00,000
Capital issued ..... ,, 50,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... ,, 50,00,000
Capital Paid up ..... ,, 25,00,125
Reserve Fund ..... ,, 15,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hapur	Ludhiana
Bombay	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa City	Hyderabad	Montgomery
Amballa Cant	(Sindh)	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jullundur	Patiala
Calcutta	Jammu	Quetta
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Rahon
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gogra	Lyallpur	Srinagar

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Re. 1 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted. For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

DES RAJ MEHRA, Manager.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK.

LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 7,
Paid-Up Capital and Reserved ..... Rs. 2,
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... Rs. 2,

Sir D. T. Tata, Kt., Chairman. Board of Directors.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

LONDON OFFICE: 8, Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches: CALCUTTA, CAWNPORE, DELHI, HYDERABAD, (DECCAN), LUCKNOW, MADRAS, RANGOON.

Every facility offered for General and Exchange banking throughout India and with Europe and America, Bills of Exchange negotiated. Deposits received.

For terms apply to Head Office or to any branch.

General Manager, L. D. L. BUCKLEY.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)

(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 65,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Darien	Nagasaki	Singapore
Frengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 10,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

H. YAMAZAKI, Manager.

Hornby Road, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.)

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ... ,, 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ... ,, 72,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY, Manager.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LD.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C. 3.

BRANCHES:

Amara	Calcutta
Baghdad	Colombo
Bahrein	Madras
Basrah	Mosul
Bombay	

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 999,844
Reserve Fund ..... £ 900,000

Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,000,156

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Meyer Sassoon, Esq.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER, Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL 5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 3,97,61,500
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 31-3-22 ... 59,62,112/8

HEAD OFFICE.
92-93, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

SUB-BRANCHES.
Zaveri Bazar, 283, Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Street.

LONDON AGENTS.
THE LONDON COUNTY, WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES upto Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.

every description transacted.

General Banking and exchange business transacted.

H. C. ANDERSON, General Manager.

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELS BANK,

(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)

(Incorporated in Holland.)

Established 1863.

Authorised Capital ..... Fl. 60,000,000 about 25,000,000
Paid-up Capital and Reserve Fund ... Fl. 75,000,000 ,, 26,250,000

HEAD OFFICE at AMSTERDAM (Holland).

SUB-OFFICE: THE HAGUE.

EASTERN HEAD AGENCY at BATAVIA.

BRASCHES.

DUTCH EAST BRANCHES:

Ampenan	Palembang
Bandeong	Pekalongan
Cheribon	Problinggo
Gorantolo	Semarang
Macassar	Soerabaia
Medan	Tjilatjap
Menado	Weltevreden

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS:—Singapore.

CHINA and JAPAN:—Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe.

BRITISH INDIA:—Bombay and Calcutta.

LONDON BANKERS:—London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd., Swiss Bank Corporation, Williams Deacon's Bank, Ltd.

PARIS BANKERS:—Guaranty Trust Company, of New York.

NEW YORK BANKERS:—Farmers Loan and Trust Co., Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, Goldman Sachs and Co.

Correspondents in every part of the World.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

Sorab Building, No. 7, Murzban Road, Fort. Post Box No. 876.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

W. J. de GRAAN, Manager.

BANKING.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, TAMARIND LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

ASSETS EXCEED RS. 30,00,000.

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5% P. A. ON DAILY BALANCES.

As long as the Government of India finds it difficult to borrow funds in the open market at a rate of interest lower than 6 per cent. p. a. or at any rate below 5 per cent. p. a. we have decided to give full advantage to our customers of the predicament of the Government and to grant them 5 per cent. p. a. on their daily balances with us on Savings Accounts on and from the 1st of August, 1922. Interest payable only on the 31st day of December each year, even though an account may be closed earlier.

Investments mainly in or against Government of India Securities and in Securities admitted by the Trust Act. For rules and particulars apply to

YESHWANT ANNA KUNTE, Esq., Director, Girgaum Branch. Dr. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M.A., Ph.D., Managing Director.

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7 FORT STREET, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES AT KARACHI, RAWALPINDI, SURAT AND KAPURTHALA. Agencies in all parts of India. CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 5 per cent.

FIXED DEPOSITS for short periods, one year and more, accepted, interest allowed for 18 months at 6 per cent. for 5,000 and under and at 6½ per cent on sums above 5,000, special rates for larger deposits. Cheques or receipts of any part [illegible] accepted at par in long term deposits. ADVANCES MADE, OVERDRAFTS ALLOWED, CREDIT OPENED ON APPROVED SECURITIES. Bills for Collection accepted, Every description of Banking business undertaken. [illegible] AILABLE AT PAR.

G. P. Notes, Shares, Stocks bought [illegible] free of Charge for Customers.

Short term deposits invited on favourable terms.

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INDIAN CAPITAL, INDIAN MANAGEMENT.

BANKING

THE BANK OF MORVI, LD.

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)

HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS.—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... ,, 50,00,000
Reserves Liability for Calls ,, 50,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds ..... ,, 30,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.

STERLINGS DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.

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STOCK and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.

All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

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PANCHGANI.

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VITHAL SAVANA BUILDING, LOHAR CHAWL

Decent boarding and lodging accommodation guaranteed

For charges:—	Monthly	Daily
Special Class for kings	200—0	10—0—0
1st Class	75—100	5—0—0
2nd Class	50—70	3—8—0
		3—0—0
		2—8—0

STUDENTS GRANTED FOR CONCESSION UPPER CLASS.

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THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LD.

112, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY

CHAIRMAN.

Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy, Esq.

Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages.

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JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO., Secretaries and Managers.

INSURANCE.

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CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation-Report and commends a Bonus of ½ per cent., on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.

Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 47,50,000. The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. B. KHOPKAR, Manager, Bombay Branch, 23, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

According to the Government of India Insurance Blue Book.

The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LD.

Established 1891.

Funds and Assets over—Rs. 3,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 3,00,000.

Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) the Trustees of the Reserve Fund.

Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.

LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before insuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to—

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Agency Applications Invited.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LD.

HEAD OFFICE:

7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

A PROGRESSIVE INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.

	Rs.
Total Invested Funds Exceed	54,00,000
Total Claims Paid over	14,00,000
New Business—1921	55,85,500
New Business—Jan. to Aug., 1922 ...	36,32,000

A "National" Policy combines all that is best and latest for Life Assurance Protection. A specimen Policy form is enclosed with every Prospectus which will amply repay perusal.

For forms, Agencies, etc., apply to:

J. A. KIMBER, General Manager. S. N. BANERJEA, Secretary.

or

Messrs. DHURANDHAR BROTHERS. Chief Agents,

Bombay Presidency, C. P. and C. I., 393, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

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AGENTS on Liberal Terms for Bombay, Poona, Karachi, Ahmedabad and other towns, by a well-known Indian Insurance Company.

Apply Box No. 6516, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C1495

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Crawfor dMarket, BOMBAY.

BYLA'S EMULSION of C. L O. and LECITHIN. FRENCH REMEDY for CONSUMPTION.

An excellent preparation giving astonishing results in the Organic Wasting Diseases such as :—PULMONARY PTHTHISIS, every form of TUBERCULOSIS, COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, Etc. and all kinds of Wasting Diseases.

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(Speedy cure for)— Nervous and Functional Debility, Physical Exhaustion, Anæmia, Loss of Memory, Brain Fag, Low Spirits, Confusion of ideas, Loss of Viger Neuragia, Headache, Muscular and Local Weakness, Palpitation, Neurasthenia, Premature Decay, Sleeplessness and all other Nervous Complaints.

Rs. 3 per box

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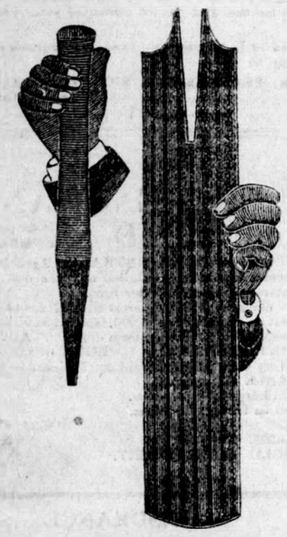
Use it to-day and you will find it preserves, nourishes and enriches it more effectually than anything else.

M. T. MADON & CO,
Crawford Market, BOMBAY.



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We have well experienced SIALKOT MEN to repair Bats.
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Catalogue sent FREE
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THE BEST INSECTICIDE POWDER, Annas 14 per tin.
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Art is admired everywhere
ARAUJO FERNANDES & Co
MERCHANT TAILORS
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Have elevated their Tailoring to an Art.

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Permanently successful cures of the most hopeless cases by our combined Drug and Diet treatment entirely original, and based upon national and scientific principles stil undreamt of in Allopathy. Consultation FREE by experts on SUNDAYS and MONDAYS only; also by Correspondence.
THE INDIAN CHAMBER OF MEDICINES
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Tele. Address. "LOKAVAIDYA."

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No one has yet made an attempt to place before the public the Mysteries,—secret conspiracies—private and public execution,—deep laid plots, horrible hair spliting incidents—within the thousand of labyriaths; secret passages, rooms, doors and windows in the celestial palaces of the great Mogul, and also undreamt of luxuries, and pleasures,—the flow of the vast wealth quite unimaginable. The Unique book being a HISTORICAL ROMANCE will give flesh and blood to this skeleton and place the Mogul Emperors, their great Begums and their innumberable Bandis together with the great Amirs, Omraos, Mansabdars and Rajput Rajas in their living forms. Please enlist your name early

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is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of houses. It certainly
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AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
86, Apollo Street.
Tel. No. 4621.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT GRANT ROAD, NEAR GRANT ROAD FREER BRIDGE.

By order of and under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Mincher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the deceased Mortgagor Bawa Babool Goolmahomed Messrs. J. S. MODY and CO., Auctioneers will sell the undermentioned properties by public auction on the premises on SATURDAY, the 16th day of September, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) pursuant to the Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortage dated 15th day of November, 1916 and made between the said Bawa Babool Goolmahomed (since deceased) of the one part and Hasanally Mahomedaly of the other part.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate lying and being on the South side of the Grant Road Bridge in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 503 decimal point 68 square yards be the same a little more or less bearing Collector's Old No. 355, New No. B/13865, Old Survey No. 198 and New Survey No. 1A/7346 and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 3646 (2-3) Street Nos. 4A and 4B and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the North by the property formerly belonging to Ebrahim Haji Esak and now to Bomonji Aderji Engineer on or towards the East by the leasehold land hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the South by the property of Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit and on or towards the West by the property of Mahomed Rowji.

SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate, lying and being at Grant Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration, Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 20 decimal point 66 square yards be the same a little more or less and bearing Collector's New No. A/16998 and New Survey No. 6A/7347 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the North by portion of leasehold land near the Frere Over Bridge on or towards the South by the property belonging to the estate of Nusserwanji Maneckji Petit on or towards the East partly by the property of Runchordas Tribhowandas and partly by the land of Hussonally Sullemanji and on or towards the West by the property firstly hereinabove described.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office at No. 95 Ash Lane, Fort or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th September.

MISTRY & CO.

8, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 4921.

SALE TO COMMENCE AT 10-30 A.M.

AUCTION SALE of household furniture by well-known makers dining table, sideboard, crockery, glassware, cottage piano, hall marked silver toilet and manicure set, Cabinet gramophone plated-ware, etc., etc.

On SUNDAY, the 17th September, 1922, at East Villa Kitridge Road, Colaba, 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MISTRY & CO., will sell by Public Auction very rich furniture, comprising of dining table, dining room, chairs, sideboards and dining waggon tea tables, drawing room cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, folding screen, jardiniers very slightly used cottage piano English hall marked silver toilet and manicure set, English steel cash box, fancy writing tables and resolving bookstands, silver showcases, ornaments and pictures, hatstand, teapoys, folding screen, Cabinet gramophone, Fild cabinet, ice box, season wood almirahs, clothes presses, dressing chest of drawers, and marble top washing tables, glassware, crockeryware, genuine Persian carpets and platedware, cooking untensils, etc., etc.

The property of G. H. Kennedy, Esqr., Asst. Secretary to the Agent B. B. & C. I. Railway and others.

Catalogues will be printed and property is open to view.

Property of another gentleman:—

1 English canoe shaped victoria and bay waler with new harness, complete turn out.

1 Clement Bayard Motor Car 10-15 H.-P., 4 Cylinder, 7 Seater, Landolet Body in running order.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 16th September, 1922.

VORA & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 72, Apollo Street, Fort.
opposite "The Imperial Bank."

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Auction sale This day of extra stock-in-trade of the well-known shop at Colaba Causeway of Canji Lalji deceased on 16th and 18th Saturday and Monday of September 1922, and on the following days at 1 p.m. (S. T.), containing diamond, emerald, ruby and pearl ornaments, curiosities, old coins, stamps, etc., good opportunity to jewellers, and merchants of curiosity shop and also to private purchasers, Messrs. VORA & Co., Auctioneers will This day 16th and 18th (SATURDAY and MONDAY), of September and on the following days at 1 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Smetham Byrne and Lambert, Attorneys for Seth Kalidas Lawji Trustee appointed by the will of Canji Lalji deceased the following extra stock-in-trade comprising of diamond, emerald, ruby and pearl ornaments, such as bracelets, necklace, ear-rings booty, rings, English jewellery such as tie pin, broches, chain, stone ear-rings, rings, loose stones such as piroja, pokhraj, sophiar, marble figures, old chinaware, old stamps, old coins, toys, bead necklaces, jary table cloths, weighing scale, gold and silver jewellery, etc.

On account and risk of the following parties Mr. Sanford.

1 brooch.

Mr. Edwards.

1 gold bracelets.

Mr. R. William

1 cigarette holder, 1 pair earrings.

Mr. I. Syee.

1 diamond ring.

Mr. H. Rani.

1 silver cigarette case, 1 silver table clock, 1 ring, 1 pin, 1 earring, 1 silver flower vase.

Property on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the balance will have to be paid and goods taken delivery of within two days.

VORA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th Sept. 1922

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

130, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 CASES NEW SWISS WATCHES.

Under Instructions from Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & Co., attorneys for Messrs. Ingersoll Watch Co. Ld., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on Saturday the 16th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their rooms at 120, Apollo Street, on account and risk of Messrs. Hardware and Sundries Importing Agency Ltd., the following:—

H. & S A 10/12—2 cases new Swiss watches

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of Grey and coloured, piece goods, etc., etc.

At 2-30 p.m. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber tyred English Brougham.

1 second-hand rubber tyred Landaulette.

1 second-hand rubber tyred Victoria.

1 Arab horse going in harness.

1 Black whaler gelding 15 hands excellent condition quiet to ride and drive suitable for Lady good quiet back and jumper.

By order of N. H. Moos, Esyr., The Receiver appointed in suit No. 160 of 1921 (Shirinbai vs. Aminabhoe).

1 Renault Motor Car No. 1188.

Suit No. 428 of 1918 (Sadullakhan vs. Kulsumbi).

1 Zenith sunbeam Motor Bycle Colonial Model C. with value, repair out fit, etc., etc.

By order of the Banks concerned.

13 cases glass churns.

25 cases Corn Emery.

On account and risk of The Asian Motor Company and Mr. B. M. Wadia.

3 cases Electric Appliances.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

All the undermentioned properties will be sold at Lot No. 1. Wellesley Road, Bungalow.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE WELL FURNISHED BUNGALOWS AT POONA AND AT KIRKEE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla, & Mulla, Attorneys for the Executors of the late Mr. Sorabji Dadabhoy Dubash, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will put up for sale by Public Auction the under mentioned immoveable properties on the premises at Weelesley Road, Poona, on SUNDAY, the 17th day of September, 1922 at 4 p.m. (Standard time).

LOT NO. 1.

Bungalows known as Sangam Bungalow and Cabin Bungalow—will be put up for sale in one lot.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Wellesley Road in Poona, Sub District Haveli with a bungalow and outhouse standing thereon and containing by admeasurements 4 acres and 20 Guntha's and bearing New Survey No. 76, Municipal No. 30-31 and bounded on the North by the G. I. P. Ry. siding, on or towards the East by the G. I. P. Ry Goods siding on or towards the South by the said Wellesley Road, and on or towards the West by the G. I. P. Ry. siding with the furniture and two wells in the compound.

LOT NO. 2.

1. All that piece or parcel of land at Kirkee in Cantonment lines containing by admeasurements 10111 sq. yds., with a bungalow and outhouse standing thereon assessed under old outhouse standing thereon assessed under Old No. 33, New No. 2, and bounded on the East by Public Road called the Bombay Mail Road, on the West by vacant land belonging to Government, and adjoining thereto by the G. I. P. Railway lines, on the North by the property called "Caous Villa" belonging to Pestonjii Cowasji and on the South by Vacant land of the Government and bearing house No. 25 in the Registrotion Sub-District of Haveli.

LOT NO. 3.

All that piece or parcel of land in Kirkee Cantonment containing by admeasurements 9702 sq. yards. with a bungalow standing thereon assessed under Old No. 34, New 25 and bounded on the East by Public Road called the Bombay Mail Road, on the West by open ground used for Race course, on the North by the property called "Jamshed Hall" belonging to Pestonji Cowasji and on the South by Government land.

LOT NO. 4.

All that piece or parcel of land with the Bungalow out house and stables situate at Elphinston Road within the Cantonement lines at Kirkee containing by admeasurements 3855 sq. yds., or thereabouts bearing Old No. 31, New No. 37 and bounded on the East by open land of the Government, on the West by public Road called Elphinston Road and beyond that by Government Building, on the North by Government Building known as School Masters Bungalow and on the South by open Government Ground.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Mulla & Mulla Attorneys for the Executors abovenamed or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4927.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT THE JUNCTION OF CAWASJI PATEL TANK STREET, AND KHETWADI MAIN ROAD OPPOSITE KHAKHAR BUILDING WITHOUT THE FORT.

Under instructions from Messrs. Purnanand and Clubwalla, Attorney for the mortgagees Ganpatlal Madhavji and Mohanlal Madhavji and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Manmohandas Atmaram and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagees under an indenture of mortgage dated 27th July, 1921 made between Manmohandas Atmaram of the one part and the said mortgagees of the other part Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 2nd Oct. 1922, at 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the undermentioned property.

DESCRIPTION.

All that piece or parcel of Government Land (together with the messuage tenements or building standing thereon) situate at and fronting the Cawasji Patel Tank Road without the Fort of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 227 sq. yards. or thereabouts and registered in the books of Collector under old No. 2512 New Nos. 9533 and 9541 and New Survey Nos. 5197 and 5198 and bounded on the East by the property of Tulsidas Narotamdas on the West by the Khetwadi Main Road on the North formerly by the property of Memon Moosa Sidik and on the South by the said Cawasji Patel Tank Road and the building whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "C" Ward Nos. 6477 and 6478 Street Nos. 22-24-26 and 28 and which said premises are now in the occupation or possession of the tenants of the Mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Purnanand & Clubwalla, Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their office at Hummum Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 16th Sept. 1922.

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
122, APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 521.

WEEKLY SALES.

HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE CHESTERFIELD SOFAS, SAFES, BOOTS, BOOKS, PICTURE POST CARDS, USED STAMPS, CLOTHES, ETC., ETC.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 18th September 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T) at their Rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Household and office furniture, such as drawing room sofas, chairs arm and armless chairs, mirror door cabinets, writing tables teapoys, sideboard, cupboards bookstands, Chesterfield sofas; safes etc. etc.,

By order of the Post Master General of Bombay.

Dead articles from the Dead Letter Office such as clothes, boots, books, picture post cards, used stamps, sundry articles etc., etc.

By the order of the Agents of the Century Spg. and Mfg. Co. Ltd.

10 Bales each of 30 pieces Black Dyed Twills No. 6B, 26 x 52 yds. x 10 lbs

Property of a Hindu gentleman:—

One horse

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th Sept. 1922

MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers.
On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

AUCTION SALE OF OLTER BOARDS, IRON FISH GALLOWS AND CONNECTIONS, FISHING NETS COMPLETE, FISH FLOATS, ROPE COVER WIRES, LARGE GRATINKS FATHOMS 2 3/4 WIRE AND IRON SLOTS.

ON FRIDAY, the 22nd September at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA AND CO., will sell by Public Auction in the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard by permission of the Director Royal Indian Marine and by order of the Principal Port Officer Burma the following fishing gears belonging to the Steam Trawler William Carrick:—

4 Olter Boards.
4 Iron fish gallows and connections.
2 Fishing nets complets.
2 Fish Flots
2 Rope covers wires.
2 Large gratings.
300 Fathoms 2 3/4" wire.
12 Iron Slots.

A deposit of 25 per cent. on the purchase money may be required at the time of sale, the balance being payable and goods taken delivery of within 8 days of the sale.

For inspection apply to the master on board the Trawler in the R. I. M. Dockyard

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 16th Sept. 1922.

AMUSEMENTS

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H. H. THE
Maharaja Sayajirao Gaekwad
OF BARODA
GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI
will stage at the
New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road.
Saturday the 16th, September, 1922
MUKANAYAK
(at 8-30 p.m.)
Sunday the 17th, September, 1922
SWAYAMVAR
(at 3 p.m.)

WEST-END CINEMA

After an extremely busy First Week
YOU START TO-DAY
THE SECOND WEEK!

Remaining Four Chapters—5000 feet. of the greatest and the most remarkable Picture of Oriental Grandeur and Magnificence

"KISMET"

A tale of human passions as existed a thousand years ago.

There were One Thousand and One stories in the "ARABIAN NIGHTS," "KISMET," the Thousand and Second story, by its whimsical brilliance outdoes all the others.

"KISMET"

Bombay—from end to end—is talking about it. you see the greatest romantic charactor—actor of America

OTIS SKINNER

Perpetuating his supreme Stage Success in this Screen miracle. A story brimful of Colour, Drama, Comedy, Adventures Intrigues, Fights, Love-making, Bewilderment and Suspense

A 2-Reel Fatty Comedy in the Programme:—"Back Stage" featuring

FATTY ARBUCKLE

and the New Screen Magazine.

Time and Prices as usual.

Fleas see to-day's "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" page 12

West-End Cinema
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD.)

AMUSEMENTS.

GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD. PHONE 3455.
THE COOLEST PICTURE HOUSE IN BOMBAY.
UNDER AMERICAN MANAGEMENT.
TO-DAY at 5, 6-30, 8-30 and 10-15 p. m.

PEARL WHITE
IN
THE SENSATIONAL PATHE SERIAL
"THE QUEEN SEEKS DISTRACTION"
15 CONTINUOUS EPISODES OF
THRILLS—DANGER—MYSTERY
SECOND INSTALMENT TO-DAY
WITH SNUB POLLARD COMEDY.
SPECIAL MATINEES:
SATURDAY, SUNDAY AND HOLIDAYS AT 3-30.
NOTICE—Soldiers in Uniform admitted to Dress Circle at Half Price.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY AT 6-30 P. M.
TO-MORROW AT 9-45 P. M.
The Illustrious
FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN
and
BEVERLY BAYNE
In
"A MILLION A MINUTE"
"A MILLION A MINUTE"
A drama of Romance and Intrigue in 5 Supreme Acts.

THE EXCELSIOR

Direction: Madan Theatres, Ltd.
Genl. Man. (Bombay Circuit) James McGrath.
Bandman's Eastern Circuit, Ltd.
presents
ROBERT COURTNEIDGE
AND
W. B. HOLLOWAY'S LONDON CO.
in the Latest London Dramatic Successes
TO-DAY SAT. 16th Sept. at 9-30 prompt and MATINEE TO-MORROW at 5-30 p. m
CLAUDE ALLISTER, CHERRY HARDY and LESLIE GRAHAM in Sir GERALD Du MAURIER'S GREAT SUCCESS
"BULL-DOG DRUMMOND"
From Wyndham's Theatre, London.
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.
Booking at ROSE & Co., Ld. up to 1 p. m. after 3 p. m. at the Theatre.

THE EXCELSIOR

COMING! SEPT. 21st.
THE AMAZING SUPER PICTURE.
MAN—WOMAN—MARRIAGE
MAN—WOMAN—MARRIAGE
MAN—WOMAN—MARRIAGE
featuring
DOROTHY PHILLIPS
and
Thousands of men and women, bare-back riders; Amazons, Barbaric dancers, Pagan beauties; thousands of horses, lions, tigers chimpanzees and bears.

THE EMPRESS

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT
3; 4-30; 6-30; 8-15 and 10 p. m.
Owing to the enormous success of this picture recently shown at the Empire Theatre and at the Special Request of our Patrons we are screening this great Romance for one week commencing to-day.
"LEILA MAJNU"
"LEILA MAJNU"
"LEILA MAJNU"
produced by MADAN THEATRES, Ltd.
under the personal Direction of Mr. J. J. MADAN.

LALITKALA DARSHA SANGIT NATAK MANDALI
Founded by
LATE Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSALE
will stage at the
GRANT ROAD, "BOMBAY THEATRE," BOMBAY.
Saturday 16th Sept. 1922 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)
and
Sunday 17th Sept. 1922 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)
SATTECHE GULAM
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TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT
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M4774

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the CREDITORS of ABDUL KARIM HAJI ABDUL SHAKOOR will be held at Vassanji House, opposite China Baug, Girgaum Back Road, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) on SUNDAY, the 17th instant, when all the creditors are requested to attend.
Bombay, 14th September, 1922.
LAXMIDAS HARIDAS,
President of the Meeting of the Creditors.
R4924

DUMAS PUBLIC MOTOR SERVICES.

THERE will be a daily service during October. For further particulars apply Messrs. VIANELI, Chawpatty.
14295

NOTICE.

POWER given by HAJI ALI MOHAMED SHIRAZI to MIRZA MAHMUD SHIRAZI in 1920, has been CANCELLED, and the only valid power is the one now given to HAJI FARAJ AGA SHIRAZI.
R4855

THE DWARKA "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

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REINFORCED Concrete Work.
For particulars apply to:—
PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE MANECKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 250 (Rupees Two hundred and fifty) only per share (of Rs. 1,000 paid up) and free of Income Tax for the half year ended 30th June, 1922, will be paid on and after Monday the 18th September, 1922, at the REGISTERED OFFICE of the Company, No. 359, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay between 12 noon and 3 p.m. to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Shareholders on the 8th September 1922.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 11th. to MONDAY, the 25th September, 1922, both day inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
For the Manockjee Petit Mfg. Co. Ltd.,
D. M. PETIT SONS & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 30th August, 1922.
C14192

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of "The Indian Toys and Glass Mfg. Co., Ltd." will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 100, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 26th September, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited accounts for the period ending 31st July 1922.
2. To elect one Director in place of Mr. Velji L. Napoo, who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election and offers himself accordingly.
3. To confirm the appointments of Messrs. Khimji Khetsey and Bhaidas Navalal Mody as Directors of the Company.
4. To appoint auditors for the period ending 31st March 1923, and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business, which the chairman may bring forward at the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,
VIJAYSEN AND CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 7th September, 1922.
C14322

THE FRAMJEE PETIT SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Interim Dividend of Rs. 125 (Rupees one hundred twenty-five only) per share (free of Income Tax) for the half-year ended 30th June, 1922, will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 18th September, 1922 at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 359, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, between 12 noon and 3 p.m. (S. T.) to those shareholders whose names stand in the Register of Shareholders on the 8th September 1922.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 11th to MONDAY, the 25th September 1922 both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
for the Framjee Petit Spg. & Mfg. Co, Ltd.,
(Sd.) D. M. PETIT SONS & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 1st September, 1922. C14207

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Building, 9, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th OCTOBER 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), for the purpose of transacting the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet for the year ended 28th February 1922.
2. To declare a Dividend and Bonus.
3. To appoint two Directors in place of Mr. P. S. Mellor and Mr. K. S. Ramaswami Iyer, retiring by rotation and and who being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 21st September 1922 to 5th October 1922, both days inclusive.
By order of the Directors.
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 13th September 1922.
N.B.—The Dividend and Bonus, when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after Tuesday the 10th October 1922, between 12 noon and 3 p.m., on Week days other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m. on Saturdays on production of the Share Certificates, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 20th September 1922.
C 14342

NOTICE.

"THEODORA" "BRIDGE OF SIGHS" "SHIP" Produced by Union Cinematographica Italiana, ROME.
"NAN OF THE NORTH" Serial.—Produced by Arrow Film Corporation, NEW YORK.
"CAPTAIN KIDD" (featuring "EDDIE POLO") Produced by Star Serial Corporation, NEW YORK.
WE the undersigned, have received sole and exclusive rights to exhibit and deal in general the above films in India, Burma, Ceylon and Mesopotamia. Notice is therefore given to all whomsoever it may concern, that immediate proceedings will be taken against any person or persons found dealing or exhibiting new or second copies of the said films in the said territories, on their entire accounts and risk as to all costs and consequences; as also they will be held responsible for any loss we may sustain through their dealings or efforts to deal or exhibit the same.
J. PEARSON & CO.,
Victoria Buildings,
Parsi Bazar, Fort, Bombay.
14338

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients Messrs. KALOOMAL SHORIMAL AND COMPANY, carrying on business at Amritsar and other places in India intend to adopt the label ticket or device hereunder described as their trade-mark on Aniline and Alizarine dyes.
All persons having any objection to the use of the said label ticket or device on aniline and alizarine dyes are required to make the same with the reasons for such objection known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 54 Esplanade Road, Mercantile Bank Buildings, within the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which our clients will at the expiration of that period adopt the said label ticket or device as their trade-mark.
The said label may be inspected at the office of the undersigned on any week days during office hours.

DESCRIPTION OF THE LABEL.

A rectangular label or ticket to be called "Raja Gopichand", containing the representation of an Indian Gentleman seated on a chair with a white pugree on his head a dupeta round his neck and having from both shoulders, a black coat tight trousers and Indian shoes with the toes turned up, having near at hand a teapoy on which are placed tins of colours; with a kite on each top corner and with a panther's head on the right and left sides.
Dated this 6th day of September, 1922.
PAYNE & CO.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Kaloomall Shorimal and Co.,
C14251

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of Bai KABUBAI, widow of Motilal Maganlal, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, doing nothing, residing at Cathedral Street, Bhuleshwar, without the Fort of Bombay .....Deceased.
(1) MANESKLAL MOTILAL, and (2) RATANLAL MOTILAL, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, Share-Brokers, residing at Cathedral Street, Bhuleshwar, without the Fort of Bombay .....Petitioners.
All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 1st day of September in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-two and in the Thirteenth year of our Reign.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
The 1st day of September, 1922.
(Sd.) Messrs. THAKORDAS & DARU,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
C14312

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our client SAMSON J. JOSEPH that his wife SARAH SAMSON JOSEPH, daughter of Aaron Samuel Killeker, left our client's protection and went to her parent's house on Sunday, the 30th July, 1922, without our client's knowledge or consent leaving behind her wedding ring.

Notice is therefore hereby given that our client will not be liable for any debts which may be incurred by his said wife and any person dealing with her will do so at his own risk.

Dated this 7th day of September, 1922.

SHAMRAO MINOCHEHER & HIRALAL,
Attorneys for Samson J. Joseph.
C14275

THE BOMBAY TANNERIES, LTD.

(In voluntary liquidation.)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ADJOURNED MEETING of the Share-holders of the above Company, will take place at 2-30, p.m. on Saturday the 23rd of September, 1922, at the Registered Office of the Company, Krishna Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

DAWAR HUSAIN KAZI,
Liquidator.
14333

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that our client Mr. AMBALAL CHHOTALAL GANDHI is the absolute owner and sole Manufacturer of the articles known as "Badshahi Soap" registered under No. 529, and "Badshahi Pain Curer" registered under No. 795, bearing the trade mark of a Maid the patent in respect whereof was granted to our client's Predecessor-in-title Mr. C. C. Mahajan. Several dishonest attempts were made by one Jadulal Narandas Choksi of Nadiad to manufacture and pass off a colourable imitation of the said articles in a manner reasonably calculated to cause to be believed that they are our client's manufactures and the said Jadulal Narandas Choksi was thereupon convicted by the Resident Magistrate of Nadiad on the 31st August, 1922, under S. 482 Indian Penal Code. The aforesaid patent and registered numbers have been granted to the manufacturers of "C. C. Mahajan" or "Chhotalal Chhaganlal Mahajan" alone and our client alone has the sole right to manufacture and sell goods bearing the aforesaid Registered Numbers and Trade Marks. The Public are therefore warned against attempting to pass off any inferior stuff or colourable imitation of our client's registered and patent manufactures as the manufacture of our client hereafter and are informed that our client will take such criminal or civil steps against such person or persons as will be found doing so as he may be advised.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1922.

MEHTA LALJEE AND CO.,
Attorneys for Ambalal Chhotalal Gandhi.
C14310

NOTICE.

RE SALE OF PROPERTY AT CLERK ROAD BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. JACOB JOSEPH SIMON REUBEN and MOTILAL LACHALAL GANDHY, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien charge, trust, maintence, easement of therwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 76 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHERULE ABOVE REFERED TO.

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying and being in the Registration Sub District of Bombay in Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1316 Sq. yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books, of the Collector of Land Revenue, under New Survey, No. 3450 (part) and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates, and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 7427 (15 and 16), 7410 and Street Nos. 83 N and 83 O and 49 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by plot No. 100 agreed to be leased to Vizir Haji, on or towards the East by a New Road, on or towards the South-by the property of the Board and on or towards the West and South-West by Garlic and Company's workshop.

Dated this 14th day of September 1922.

PANDIA & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C14343.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 767 of 1917.

NARAYAN GANPAT MAHIMKAR...Plaintiff.

Vs.

NARAYAN RAMJI and others ...Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for sale made in the above suit and bearing date the 11th day of August, 1922, the following immoveable property will be sold by public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Monday the 16th day of October, 1922, at the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with buildings standing thereon situate at Magelwadi, Girgaum Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement thirty-onen feet inn length and thirty-four and three-fourth feet in breadth or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the property of Vishnoo Babajee, on the West and North by the vacant ground of Dawoody Borah Cemetery and on the South by a public passage and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under Ward D. No. 489 and Street No. 19 Mangalway.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Dallas and Co., Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed at No. 91-99, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1922.

R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
C14716

WONDERS OF PSYCHIC POWER

Dear Sir,

I have had the occasion to consult Mr. MIR during the illness of my relation. The prediction has turned out, word by word, true. Not only this, but Mr. MIR told me that my relative cannot get cured and will die on such and such date. It came out true. My relative died on the same date. This prophecy was made fifteen days before her death. I have great faith in this science he has acquired. I honestly recommend others to try in the case of emergency. I have my questions prepared at home, and I had kept them folded with me. They were read out by Mr. MIR, word for word correct. When I opened, every question was found in writing itself. It is marvellous as well as mysterious.

P. M. DOCTOR,
Girgaon,
BOMBAY.

I have been a sceptic all my life, but on the recommendation of my friend, Mr. K. S. Rele, I visited Mr. MIR with a view to test the power of Mr. MIR and with a feeling of ridicule, I asked Mr. MIR two questions and to my surprise found him to repeat my questions word by word. This is indeed amazing, and had made me pause and under if after all I have been in wrong all my life. As regards the answers, future will certify and testify to their correction.

(Sd.) K. V. NODAH,
Pleader,
AMRAOTI, (Berar).

Having read on account of Mr. MIR'S thought-reading power in the "Bombay Chronicle," I took an opportunity of testing it, and from what I saw I can describe it as simply marvellous. I had seen something of this kind in America, but Mr. MIR'S power is far greater.

P. D. MAHALAXMIVALA,
Secretary, B. I. S. Tramway Co. Ltd.

The "Bombay Chronicle" of 10th and 23rd April and 7th May last, and also vernacular papers have spoken in eulogistic terms of Mr. MIR'S psychic power.

If you are suffering from any kind of disease, if you are tired of life, if your life is a burden to you and others, if you are suffering from halluciration of a gloomy future.

You should lose no time in paying a visit to Mr. MIR, the great psychic whose wonderful reading of past and future incidents, is the topic not only of Bombay but of the principal cities of India.

PATIENTS AND OTHERS, please consult, or write to, Mr. MIR at the MIR PHARMACY, Kshetria Dyanti Nivas, Girgaon, Charni Road, Bombay.

Consulting hours:—Every day 10 to 1 a.m., 4 to 8 p.m.

Charges Rs. 2 only for answering one question. Consultation for patients free.

P.S.—Enclose half anna stamp for a free book "The great offer to the sages of India."

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Bombay Chronicle.
An excellent medium for Advertisements.
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MODERATE RATES ON APPLICATION.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 15th Sept. 1922.	Total since 1st June, to 15th Sept. 1922.	June 1st to 15th Sept. 1921.	June 1st to 15th Sept. 1920.
	In. Cts	In. Cts.	In. Cts	In. Cts.
Colaba (Observatory) ..	0.11	66.07	77.58	38.78
Fort (St George's Hospital).	..	..	79.85	43.50
Esplanade (Gen. Rs). Hospital) ..	..	..	72.97	42.55
Byculla (J. J. Hospital) ..	..	..	77.96	42 93
Army & Co., (Cambalta Hill)	..	..	..	..

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, Sept 14th.

Hours of observations since 8 a.m. 16 hrs. 8 hrs.
8 p.m. and 12 m.n.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. Inches ..	29.713
Temperature of Air ... ... Degrees ..	81.3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76 6
Dew Point	74 5
Relative Humidity of Air ..	0.895
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky being—10)	8.0
Maximum temperature of Air ..	85 0
Minimum do do	77 0
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W, WSW.
Movement of Wind 40 .. .. miles ..	193
Fall of Rain .. .. .. inches ..	0.00
Total fall during hours	8.18
Do. for Year	66 96
Variations of Barometer on 15th ..	0 20

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observation recorded at 8 hours on Friday the 15th September 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rain has fallen nearly generally. Rawalpindi reports a heavy fall of 2.40 in. while Lahore had 1.08 in., Ambala 0.47 in, Hissar 0.32 in., and Delhi 0.31 in. Skies are morerately or heavily clouded and the air is damper than usual. Day temperature was much below the average in the north and east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Mainpuri reports 0.22 in. of rain. Skies are heavily clouded there and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere Day temperature was below normal at Agra.

Sind and Rajputana.—Bikaner reports 1.00 in. of rain while Jodhpur, Kotah and Mount Abu had 0.96 in., 0.38 in. and 0.12 in. respectively. Skies are clear in upper Sind and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Day temperature was above normal at Jacabadad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0.49 in. of rain while Bhavnagar-Para, Neemuch and Indore had 0.28 in., 0.18 in. and 0.14 in. respectively. Skies are heavily clouded and at Dessa and Bhuj humidity is in excess. Day temperature was below normal in east Kathiawar and Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general. Jubbulpore reports 1.08 in., Hoshangabad 0.56 in, Khandwa 0.61 in., Akola 0.48 in., Amraoti 0.34 in., Nagpur 0.80 in. and Raipur 0.18 in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in slight excess. Day temperature was below the average at Raipur and Akola.

The Konkan.—Bombay, Ratnagiri and Karwar report 0.11 in., 0.21 in. and 0.20 in of rain respectively. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Aurangabad and Malegaon respectively report 1.54 in. and 0.32 in. of rain. Skies are heavily clouded in the north and moderately clouded in the south. Humidity is in defect at Bijapur and day temperature was below normal at Malegaon and Aurangabad.

General Remarks.—The low pressure area persists and lies over the northwest Central Provinces. Rainfall has been widespread over the central parts of the country and in Rajputana and the Punjab. It has been nearly general on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the Central Provinces, Central India West, Rajputana and the Punjab and local in north Hyderabad, the north Bombay Deccan and Mysore. A few falls have occurred in Gujarat, Kathiawar and the United Provinces. Falls exceeding one inch amount to 1.22 in. at Calicut, 1.11 in. at Mangalore, 1.54 in. at Aurangabad, 1.08 in. at Jubbulpore, 1.08 in. at Lahore and 2.70 in. at Rawalpindi. Humidity is in excess in north-west India and day temperature was below normal in the north and east Punjab and in Gujarat, Berar and the north-west of the Deccan.

Forecast.—An extension of rain is likely in Gujarat and Kathiawar and a decrease is probable in the north Punjab.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 14th September 1922.

The monsoon has strengthen in the central parts of the country and aided by a western disturbance has extended in the Punjab. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, the east and north Punjab, the Central Provinces, Malabar, north Hyderabad and Mysore and local in upper Burma, Chota-Nagpur, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India West and the Konkan. A few falls have also occurred in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, the west United Provinces, east Baluchistan, the Bombay Deccan, south-east Madras and on the north Madras coast.

The chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Moulmein, Akyab one and a half inches; Diamond-Island three; Bessein, Dibrugarh two; Saugor-Island one; Belasore one and a half; Ranchi Meerut one; Mukhasser one and a half Ludhiana one; Sialkot one and a half; Seoni two; Pendra three; and Pearbhani one.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON FRIDAY, THE 15TH OF SEPT. 1922.

Stations.	Temp. in Shade. Past 24 hours.	Humidity At 8 hours.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIA—					
Bushire	..	..	..	9	—0 01
Do. 14th	91.4	86 40	..	0	—0.08
Jask	88.5	86 88	..	0	—0.08
Gwadar	92.2	86 88	..	0	—0.17
Do. 14th	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—					
Multan	106 6	76 7	88	0.08	0.90	—8 89
Rawalpindi	88.1	73.1	96	2 70	30 16	—8 65
Lahore	81 2	70.4	91	1.0	35 05	—1 11
Hissar	79.6	64.4	93	0.32	33 09	+3.03
Ambala	83.0	72.0	87	0 47	28.42	+0.57
Delhi	82.0	76.6	77	0.3	17 98	—2.97
UNITED PROVINCES						
Agra	87.5	77.7	85	..	23.07	+1.34
Mainpuri	93 2	66.8	83	0.12	31.07	+2.98
Jhansi	93.1	77 0	81	0.03	33.56	+3.06
Cawnpore	92.1	70.1	83	..	41.49	+2.17
Allahabad	91 1	79.0	93	..	36.21	+3.88
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	102	64.0	91	..	0	—2.15
Karachi	86	77.0	90	0.04	1.73	—4.14
Ajmer	86	66.0	84	..	10.80	—0.47
Jaipur	88	70.0	90	0.01	15 70	—4.43
Kotah	89.0	67.0	95	0.38	35.50	+3 80
Mount Abu	73.8	..	82	0.12	44.21	—3.97
GUJRAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	88.0	75.5	85	..	10.21	—3.67
Dwarka	87.4	80.1	84	..	5.10	—5.10
Veraval	84.4	80.1	86	..	6.00	—4.96
Rajkot	88.0	70 0	89	..	13.66	—9.88
Bhavnagar Para	86.0	76.0	90	0.18	34.91	—6.89
Surat	91.0	74.0	93	0.49	34.91	—1.5
Ahmedabad	89 4	70.7	93	..	23.30	+0.13
Dessa	85.8	77.7	87	0 01	25.26	+4.3
Neemuch	87.9	74.0	90	0.18	38.21	+5 27
Indore	91.1	78.1	84	0.14	24 72	—2.30
CENTRAL PROVINCES						
Jubbulpore	87.9	74.9	94	1.08	51.86	+4.71
Saugor	88 2	78.8	93	..	47.99	+9.86
Hoshangabad	87.5	82.4	96	0.56	36.60	—5.74
Khandwa	88.1	72 3	87	0.61	14.71	—2.7
Akola	92.4	71.6	96	0 48	26.68	+4.30
Amraoti	94 6	71.7	96	0.34	26.80	+0.05
Nagpur	88.0	73.8	94	0 80	37.30	—2.51
Chanda	84.9	78.2	79	0.08	47.31	+4 67
Raipur	90.6	74.9	89	0.18	44.44	+3.20
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85 0	71.9	88	0.11	66.07	+1.96
Ratnagiri	88 5	76.8	91	0.21	93.47	+3.14
Marmugao	82 6	79.7	91	0.03	80.30	+2.31
Karwar	84 0	81	84	0.20	99.20	—3.90
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	75.5	73.5	78	0.32	9.79	—6.16
Ahmednagar	88.4	69.1	78	..	8.78	—6.41
Poona	88.0	70.4	69	..	13.48	—4.69
Sholapur	90.7	77.5	69	..	11.86	—7.06
Bijapur	89.6	71.2	92	..	4.70	—6.58
Belgaum	76.9	66.2	92	0.09	35.68	—1.85
Aurangabad	77.1	60 4	84	1.54	20.79	—0.17
Nizamabad (Indur)	83.9	70.3	78	..	23.43	—0.84
Hyderabad	86.8	71.8	94	..	14.09	—7.87
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	84.4	78.9	97	1.11	113.40	+13.40
Calicut	83.0	73 6	90	0.77	93.09	+13.78
Cochin	83.7	78.0	89	1.22	0.13	+6.81
Colombo	83.7	76.1	83	0.02	16.83	—0.04
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	88.0	79.2	82	..	7	..
Bellary	93.2	73.0	68	..	2.30	—0 06
Cuddapa	96.6	81.0	60	..	10. 4	—.66
Madras	90.8	80.1	69	..	10.81	—2.88
Bangalore	81.0	65.9	83	0.54	10.51	—5.06
Coimbatore	89.2	70.5	72	..	5.91	—1.14
Trichinopoly	8	77.0	65	..	5.0	—2 70
Negapatam	95 9	78.7	60	..	9.32	+0 42

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COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Sept. 14th.

Futures at New York.	Oct.	21	47— 5
	Dec.	21	76— 4
	Jan.	21	55+ 3
	Mar.	21	72— 8

New York, Sept. 14th.

Cotton Bel. M.U. G.O.G. Liverpool	Oct.	12	58— 1
	Jan.	12	30— 7
	Mar.	12	21—11
	May	12	08—13

London, Sept. 14th.

Telegraphic Transfers	1/3 21/32 Quiet.	
Bar Gold	£ 4 13/6 Firm	
Bar Silver Spot	35 1/8 Quiet.	

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 14th.

Months.	To-day's price.
September	...
Oct.	12 54— 5
November	...
December	...
January	12 30— 7
February	...
March	12 20—12
April	...
May	...
June	...
July	11 95—14
Aug	...

BOMBAY MARKET.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Sept. 15.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 27-3-6.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 27-4-0.
Bars Gold 2nd settlement Rs. 27-4-6.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 92-4-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement Rs. 92-6-0.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 92-2-0.

EXCHANGE.

B. C. Rate Bank's selling T T 1/3 1/2.
B. C. Rate Bank's selling D D 1/3 17/32.
On London Bank's selling D D 1/3 19/32.
On London Bank's selling T T 1/3 9/16.
On London Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/3 25/32.
On London Bank's buying T T 1/3 5/8.
On London Bank's buying D D 1/3 21/32.
Tone of Exchange Quiet Market.
On Paris Bank's selling D D Frcs. 370.
On Paris Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 366.
On Paris Bank's buying D D Frcs. 380.
On Japan Bank's selling T T Rs. 169½.
On Japan Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 164¼.
On Hongkong Bank's selling D D Rs. 200.
On Singapore Bank's selling D D Rs. 280.
On New York Bank's selling D D Rs. 352.
London Gold ready sh 92-0.
London Silver ready d. 35-4.
London Silver forward d. 35-2.
Tone of silver Dull, Buyers satisfied, India bought.

CROSS RATE ON LONDON TO THE POUND STERLING.

American Exchange dollars 4.42 3/8.
French Exchange Frcs. 58.20.
Swiss Exchange Frcs 23.60.
Belgaum Echange Frcs. 61.70.
German Exchange Mrks. 7000.
Italian Exchange Liras. 105.06.
Pragur Exchange Krons. 133.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 57/10.
5 per cent War Loan Rs. 83/8.
4 per cent Terminable Loan Rs. 98.
4 per cent Conversion Loan Rs. 78.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922 Rs. 100.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928 Rs. 100/12.
6 per cent Government of India bonds due 1926 Rs. 100/6.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1932 Rs. 100/6.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 Rs. 103/12.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 65.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 Rs. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 Rs. 65.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49 Rs. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 65.

FINANCE.

Conditions in the market remain unchanged with money in plentiful supply. There is inquiry in the market for three and four months money at about 3½ to 4 per cent. Call money is available at about 2 per cent.

The Imperial Bank cash balance is decreased by Rs. 334 lakhs, due to Government withdrawals of about 5.96 crores; other deposits have increased by 1.33 crores, and the Bank rate remains unchanged at 4 per cent. The inquiry in the market for the new Government loan continues at or about ¼ per cent premium. The Government of India have announced their intention to sell Treasury Bills by tender and the first lot of Rs. 50 lakhs six months' treasuries is expected to be taken over on a ¼ per cent interest basis. The policy of asking for tenders is new to this market and Banks as well as financiers generally are watching this venture with considerable interest. It is, however, questionable whether this system of borrowing will prove to the advantage of Government, for it would seem doubtful that Government will be able to borrow money on Treasury Bills at sufficiently remunerative rates.

EXCHANGE.

Exchange on London fluctuated between 1 s. 3-9/16 d. and 1 s. 3-5/8 d. and a fair amount was bought by bullion dealers for import, chiefly of gold. That the rates were maintained in spite of these purchases by bullion dealers was chiefly on account of outside selling orders and the steady feeling prevailing in the Calcutta market. American exchange on London dropped from dollars 4.45-7/8 to dollars 4.42-3/8 on export bills showing in New York. German marks have again depreciated to 7000 to the pound sterling. The general tone of exchange market may be described as healthy.

GOLD.

Gold opened steady round Rs. 26/14 per tola for ready. During the course of the week the rate improved to Rs. 27/3/6. following the drop in American Exchange on London and a rise in the price of the metal in London to 83 s. 6 d. per ounce. The up-country demand is steady and averages about 18,000 tolas a day; our stock is estimated at about 4½ lakhs tolas.

SILVER.

Silver moved between Rs. 92 and Rs. 92/10. Our rates fluctuated in sympathy with the Shanghai market. The price in London improved from 35 1/8 d. to 35 3/8 d. and close at 35 1/8 d. The Shanghai London rate moved between 3 s. 5½ d. and 3 s. 5¼ d. The off-take averaged about 65 bars a day and the stock is estimated at about 3.800 bars.

SHARES.

There were three working days on the Stock Exchange during the week under review. A falling off in the volume of business was noticeable and was apparently due to less activity on the part of the Bull Syndicate. The tone generally was rather less steady and on the whole, the prices of mill show a decline from last week's closing rates.

Central Indias gave way from Rs. 4,740 to R. 4,660; Bombay Dyeing from Rs. 1,472/8 to Rs. 1,370 ex-dividend; Centuries from Rs. 750 to Rs. 735; Crescents from Rs. 475 to Rs. 470; Shapurjis from Rs. 307/8 to Rs. 297/8; and Simplex from Rs. 717/8 to Rs. 705. Kohinoors opened at about Rs. 2250xd., improved to Rs. 2,260 and after receding to Rs. 2,220, stiffened at the close to Rs. 2,250 on Bears covering.

In the miscellaneous section, Tata Steel deferreds improved to Rs. 232/8 on Bears covering, but these shares were easy at the close and changed hands round Rs. 212/8. Trams appreciated from Rs. 116/4 to Rs. 121/4. Imperial Bank shares continue steady round Rs. 1,355 with the Contributories round Rs. 370. Bank of Inndia are quoted at about Rs. 108 and Tata Bannks at about Rs. 16/8.

SHARES.

The following are the closing rates of the 14th instant.

BANKS.

Imperial 1360, India 108, Tata Bank 16/8, Central 33/12 x.d., and Eastern 77.

COTTON MILLS.

Ah. Adance 3020, Alliance 320n, Apollo 72/8, Birla Mills 82/8, By. Cotton 1050, By. Dyeings 1370 x.d., Bradbury 975, Century 735 x.d., Cent. India 4660, Colaba Land 2160, Coorla 263/12, Crescent 470 Edw. Sassoon 440 x.d., Elphiston 132/8, Fazulbhoy 1260, Gokak 231/4 ind. Bleaching 210, Ind. Malwa 610 x.d., Jamshed Mfg. 415, Kastoorchand 800, Khatao 575, Kohinoor 2255, Luxmi Cotton 5550, Meyer Sassoon 290, New Great 745, New City 620, Pabani 790, Pearls 960, Phoenix 837/8, Shapurji 297/8, Simplex 705, Standard 2475, Swan 1100, Swadeshi 4760, Tata Mill 1160.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 422/8, B. Burma 495, B. Burma N. I. 135 pr, Bt. Burma pet 7/14 B. Tramway 120, B. Steam 205, Bundi Cement 39, Ind. Cement 272/8 Katni Ord 235, Katni Defd 1120, New India 18, Tata Iron Ord 56/4 Tata Iron Defd 212/8, Tata Hydro 780, Tata Oil 40 and Scindia steam 7/2.

TEA MARKET.

The Amber Tips Tea Co.'s weekly Calcutta tea sale reports says:—

The sale on Tuesday showed a still further decline. Good leaf teas were 3 to 9 pie lower and Common and Medium brokens were from six to nine pies lower all round. Quaulity continues above the average for this time of the year and there was a very useful selection at Tuesday's sale. This year's crop is now 29000000 pounds ahead of last years and it would seem that the larger buyer's hesitation to buy on a high market will be fully justified.

YARN MARKET.

Sept. 15.

There is no special change to report in our market which has continued dull throughout the whole week. Demand has been on a much restricted scale, and turnover has been very small. Spot clearances are few and most of the transactions are between dealers themselves. Almost all consuming centres report a quiet market and some of them send offers at much less rates. Buyers are scarce and hesitating to effect any large purchases. The special feature of interest during this week however is that there is no further decline in rates and dealers now seem quite unwilling to cut prices any further as that adds much to their loss.

Manchester market remains at last week's level and no fresh business is reported, as the spot prices here are comparatively much cheaper. There is also slack demand from mills and weavers for double yarns which have consequently gone down, but now keep steady. Cop yarns, especially coarser counts such as 30 to 40 shilling and 40 to 60 shilling etc. meet with good inquiry, these being less stock. Japanese yarns keep steady and fresh offers received are at higher rates than last week's when about two thousand bales were sold. Further business is not reported. Indian mills report no important sales, during this week. Few bales here and there for 10 s. spining have been done for China but the quantity is too small to encourage the market. Mills are no doubt looking forward to sell their productions to the bazar at a little reduced rate but byers seem to be too cautious to incur any further liability in this uncertain market.

It is hoped in many quarters, that looking to favourable monsoon, steady cotton and many other circumstances, good demand shall come in sooner or later, but we believe general condstions of the World Trade demand a further reduction in prices before any brisk business be possible.

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully Good M. G. Broach April/May opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 474 and advanced till Rs. 480 next day on buying by an Indore operator. From this level it gradually declined to Rs. 470 on the 12th inst. on selling by Offices and Japanese House. The prices again advanced to Rs. 478 on the 13th inst. on buying by the Bull party, and after sharp fluctuations closed Rs. 476 on the 14th inst. Fine M. G. Oomra September opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 491 and went down to Rs. 485 on the same day on selling by petty Bulls. The Bull Clique bought from Bazar operators on the 11th inst. while an Indore operator sold, his offerings were taken up by the bull party. On the 12th inst. Marwari jobbers sold some Oomra to the Bull party, the rate on the day was Rs. 490. From this level it eased to Rs. 480 on the 14th inst. in sympathy with lower advices reported from Home and closed on the same day at Rs. 483. While Oomra Dear/January opened on the 8th instant at Rs. 422 and went upto Rs. 425. From this it dropped to Rs. 416 in sympathy with selling in Oomra September, and after fluctuating within a range of four rupees closed on the 14th inst at Rs. 421. F. G. M G Bengal Dear/January opened on the 8th inst. at Rs. 349-50 nominal and closed on the 14th inst. at Rs. 358 the highest being Rs. 355 and the lowest Rs. 349.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review the Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole have displayed a moderate advance both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. In the early part of the week the New York market was steady. The undertone was strong on short covering and trade and speculative buying. Later the market eased on Southern and Wall St. selling. The market recently advanced on unfavourable weekly Government weather report, and on trade buying. Crop accounts still continue bad and it looks as if the market may go higher. We would advise our friends to buy on all good breaks. Private Liverpool telegrams reported of rains in the Western belt which is considered to have done some good to the crop. The National Ginners Association mid-monthly condition was reported at 49-4 per cent. which indicates a crop of 9,900,00 Bales.

Mr. Hester, Secretary of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange gives the following annual report on the season ending 31st July last.

	1921-22.
Carry over	9,364,000 bales.
Crop (Growth)	8,442,000
Total supply	17,806,000
World's consumpuon ...	12,804,000
	5,002,000
Less burnt	98,000
Carry over	4,904,000 Bales.

	1921-22	1920-21
Carry over		
Linters	332000	665,000
Cotton	4,572,000	8,699,000
Total	4,904,000	9,364,000
Mill stocks	2,029,000	1,644,000
Port Stock	1,599,000	3,030,000
Counted and uncounted towns	1,276,000	4,690,000
	4,904,000	9,364,000
Consumption.		
U. S. A.	6,234,000	5,183,000
Foreign	6,570,000	5,147,000
Total	12,804,000	10,330,000

The carry over, therefore, for the next season is 4,904,000 Bales.

We hope this will give some interest to our readers.

The following were the changes in the Home Markets as compared with last week:—

		Last week.	This week
Liverpool	October	12.06 — 12..59	plus 53
Liverpool	January	11.88 — 12.37	plus 49
Liverpool	March	11.85 — 12.32	plus 47
New York	October	21.00 — 21.52	plus 52
New York	January	21.11 — 21.62	plus 51
New York	March	21.21 — 21.80	plus 59

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 14.

Howrah were the centre of interest during the morning and the price was steady at Rs. 47/8 when the jute crop forecast figures appeared. There was a quick revulsion of feeling and many sellers appeared. There was a rupee down from top price reached. Other jutes were steady but there was very little buying enquiry. Budge Budge, Orient and Dalhousie attracted some attention. Centurys were unchanged at Rs. 10/4. There was nothing doing in coal section, prices in which generally remained unchanged. Cottons were dull. Kesorams had sellers at Rs. 12-8. Miscellaneous stocks were featureless save for some enquiry for Burma Finance, Indo-Burma Tin and Titaghur Paper. Imperial banks had buyers. Following were closing quotations:—

Government securities 3 per cent. Government paper 49/8, 5 per cent. war loan 1945-55 89/6, 6 per cent. bonds (1926) 100/3, 6 per cent. U. P. Bonds (1926-41) 96/12.

Bank:—Imperial Bank 362.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan Railway 150, do pref. 67/8.

Cotton:—Agra United 6/11, Dunbar 340, Keshoram 12/10.

ute:—Alliance 535, Budge Budge 445, Century 10/8, Clive 35/12, Dalhousie 355, Howrah 46/12, Kankinarrah 470, Kinnison 916, Lansdowne pref. 94/9, Lothian 342, Orient 183/8.

Coal:—Aldih 101, Burrakur 37/4, Talohar 8.

Miscellaneous:—C. P. Cements 4/4, Indian Iron and Steel 49/8, Behar Rice 3/4, Assam Tow 5 Anglo Oriental Navigation 24/8, Assam Sugar 1/6, Ryam Sugar 35, Darjeeling Himalayan Railway 70, Indian General Navigation 7.

Exchange bank telegraphic transfer is one shilling three and nine sixteenth pence and demand bills one shilling three and nineteen thirty two pence.

THE COTTON MARKET.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I beg to draw your readers' attention towards the scandalous state of affairs prevailing in the cotton market due to the attitude of the Board of Directors of the East India Cotton Association Ltd. According to Rule 83 of the East India Cotton Association Ltd., the buyer, in case of any lot tendered to him being declared of a quality inferior to that contracted for, has the right to weigh over the lot with the full allowance awarded by the surveyors or invoice back the same to his seller at the "spot rate" of the day. According to the definition of the E. I. C. Assn. Ltd., spot rate means the rate for the particular description of cotton for immediate delivery. This rate is fixed from day to day by the Board of the Association. The Board is bound to fix a market rate for any particular class of cotton on the basis of actual sales and purchases of cotton entered into and carried out at all material times and in arriving at the market rate the Board is not entitled to guess what in the opinion should be the proper value of a particular class of cotton having regard to the rates of other classes of cotton prevailing at the time so long as the rate of actual sales and purchases or the class of cotton in question are available. Instead of exercising their powers fairly and justly the Board of the E. I. C. Assn. is making gross misuse of its powers.

Oomra cotton is scarce in Colaba and no ready Oomra is available at any price below Rs. 490. The Board instead of fixing the proper price had been fixing a fictitious prices which is Rs. 20 lower than the prevailing market rate. This means that a man who makes a short sale gets a present from the Board of a thousand rupees for every hundred bales he sells. A man may sell a hundred bales of Oomra cotton for September at Rs. 490—the rate prevailing in the market—and tender against it a lot of cotton which he knows has not the ghost of a chance of being passed, in which case his sale is closed at the spot rate of the day which is Rs. 20 lower.

It is the duty of the Chairman to see that the high principles of commercial morality for which the cotton market of Bombay is famous are maintained and that all the parties concerned get justice. Instead of doing that it is the Chairman who is mainly responsible for the present state of affairs. It is with his casting vote that this fictitious rate is fixed. The duty of the Chairman is to maintain the balance between opposing parties instead of which he is openly taking one side which is highly improper.

I hope, sir, you will raise your powerful voice against this high handed action of the Chairman of the East India Cotton Association.—Yours, etc.,

HANUMANPRASAD BAGADIA.

Bombay, Sept. 13.

SHARE REPORTS.

BANKS.

Name	Paid up Amount	Face Value	Div. paid	Last Div.	Quote thereto Buy
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad Bank	100	10	Feb-Aug.	9%	120
Alliance	100	...	Jan-Aug.	7½	190
Baroda	80	100	Jan-July	7½	15
Imperial	500	500	Jan-July	40%	1360
,, Contributory	128	,,		10	370
Indu	80	100	January	7½	108
Union	40	80	Feb-Oct.	7½	33/12 xd
Tata Bank	23 1/2	75	,,	as. 8	16/8
Chartered Bank	£ 5	£ 5	Apr-Oct.	13/3	£ 17
Eastern	£ 8	£ 10	,,	5	77
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	$125	$125	,,	£ 3	£ 115
Mercantile Bank of India	£ 12 1/2	,,	,,	16%	£ 18/4
Bank of Morvi	10	25	Feb-Oct.	8%	1 8

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka	100	100	Mar-Sept.	9	3/4%	120
Ahmedabad Prantij	600	600	,,	11	1 2%	640
Amritsar Patty	100	100	,,	8	1/4%	106
Central Provinces	100	100	,,		6%	88 xd
Chapermukh Sidhut	100	100	,,		3%	58
Dohad-Ratlamate	100	100	Feb-Aug.	2	1/2%	62
Khoina	...					
Bagirhat	100	100	,,		4%	16h
Larkhana	100	100	,,		4%	62
Mandhra Bhos	20	100	Feb-Aug.	4	7/8%	63 xd
Pachora Jamner	100	100	Feb-Aug.	2	1/2	80
Sara Sirajganj	100	100	Mar-Sept.	4	1/4%	85
Sialkote Narowal	100	100	Apr-Oct.		5%	75 xd
Sindh Light	100	100	Jul.-Jan.		11%	10
Tapti Valley	500	500	Mar-Sept.	8	1/2%	589
Upper Sindh Light	100	100	Feb-Aug.		...	65

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland	10	10	July	3-10		39
Cammamon	8	...	...	...		4
Central mining	10	...	...	32	1/32%	28
Indian Cement	200	250	...		20	2 2/8
Katni Cement ord.	100	100	,,		30	238
,, Defd	40	40	,,	134	10	1 0
Shivrajpur	10	10	...	...	...	29

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Ah. Advance	500	500	Apr-Oct	150	3620
Alliance cotton	100	100	,,	40	320 n
Apollo	80	80	Feb-Jan.	8	72/8
Birla mills	100	100	Apr-Sept	8	82/8
By. Cotton	500	500	Sep-Dec.	100	1050
By. Dyeing	250	250	Mar-apr.	96	1370 xd
Bradbury	250	250	June-Nov.	100	975
Bombay Industrial	100	100	,,	15	78
Century	100	100	Apr-Sep.	75	735 xd
Cent. India	500	500	May-Nov.	225	4650
Colaba Land	700	700	March	125	2160
Coorla	100	100	June-Dec.	25	263/12
Crescent	100	100	July-Dec.	36	470
Currimbhoy	250	250	,,	115	...
David	250	250	Apr-Sep.	45	...
Dawa	250	250	Mar-Apr.	80	1100
E. D. Sassoon United	1 1/2	10	Sep	as. 1	4 15
Edward Sassoon	200	200	Mar-Aug.	25	440 xd
Elphinstone	100	100	June	25	132 s
Fazulbhoy	250	250	,,	150	1260
Framji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	200	2160
Globe	100	100	Mar-Sep.	10	195
Gokak	100	100	,,	20	231/4
Indian Bleaching	100	100	May.	12	2 0
Indore Malwa	100	100	Aug-Feb	65	610 xd
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	May-Oct.	68	415
Kastoorchand	800	800	July-Dec.	50	800
Kastoor	100	100	Apr-Nov.	35	5 5
Kilachand mills	25	25	Aug-Jan.	1	1/2 10/4 xd
Kohinoor	500	500	Mar-Aug.	80	2255 xd
Luxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Apr.-Oct.	500	5050
Madhavrao Scindia	100	100	,,	25	212
Madhowji	100	100	July-Dec.	28	425
Mathuradas	500	500	May-Nov.	50	700
Manockji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	400	4850 n
Meyer Sassoon	100	100	Mar-Aug.	30	29
Mozarji	1000	1000	Apr-Nov.	400	6900
New Great	200	200	Mar-Sep.	70	795
New City	100	100	,,	56	620
Pabani	250	250	,,	90	790
Pearls	250	250	July-Dec.	95	960
Phoenix	100	100	Mar-Aug	114	837/8
Premier	100	100	May	...	140
Planet	100	100	Dec-Aug.	18	120
Presidency Mills	125	125	Aug-Jan.	45	232/8
Sassoon Cotton	100	100	Apr-Aug.	18	130
Shamji	152	101	Aug-Sept	34	27/8
Sholapur	1000	1000	Apr-Oct.	1830	18,500 n
Simplex	250	250	Jan-Dec.	70	705
Standard	300	300	Apr-Sept	130	2475
Swan	250	250	Mar-Aug	70	1100
"Swadeshi"	500	500	Apr-Oct	200	4760
Tata Mill	500	500	May-Oct	90	1100
Vismu Cotton	500	500	Apr Oct.	200	1250 n

ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electricity	168	100	,,	8	o/o	136
Andhra Valley	1000	100	,,		5	185 pr
Bombay Electric Supply & Tramway	83	81	,,		5	120
Tata Hydro	1022	1023	Jan		50	780

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock	102	125	,,		50	422/8
B. Burma	...					
T. Corpe	122	125	,,		25	495
B. Burma N.I.	80	125	,,		10	135
By Floor	500	500	Jan-Aug.	15	o/o	1300
Bt. Burma Pet	...		...	Mar-Oct.	as 3	7/14
By. Steam	250	250	Oct. Rs.	41/2	%	405
Kemp & Co.	200		July.		35	140
Marcks	100		,,		15	62
New India Insur.	25	236	,,		,,	13
Oriental Govt. Life	50	200	April		30%	350
Phillips	40		July		10%	44
Ors Canning	1000		Sept.		8%	66
Scindia Steam	30	25	,,		,,	1/2
Tata Iron & Steel-Ord.	75	75	Sept.		4 o/o	86/4
Defd	30	30	Sept.		3½	212.8
M. Ord.	15	75	,,		,,	...
M. Def.	100	100	,,		,,	...
Tata Oil	25	100	,,		,,	40
Shorter S.	10	10	ref.			100

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CRICKET IN POONA.

UNEXPECTED END.

HINDUS WIN BY 4 WICKETS.

	Runs.
Mahomedans—1st Innings.	114
Mahomedans—2nd Innings.	190
Total	304
Hindus—1st Innings	237
Hindus—2nd Innings ..... (for 6 wkts)	68
Total	305

Quite contrary to expectations, the second contest of the Tournament ended on the second day, both sdes failing to achieve anything remarkable The Hindus, after their plucky stand on the first day, when they put up 226 runs for 7 wickets down, could add only 11 runs more, for the last three wickes, to their score. Naidu scored in all 82. Murad took 7 wickets, giving only 59 runs. The Mahomedans, in their second venture, could make 190 ony, thanks to Vishram and Murat, who made 59 and 56 respectively. Their able stand, saved their side from disaster. S. Dalvi was responsible for scattering 5 Mahomedan wickets for 46 runs in the second innings. The Hindus were left with making only 68 runs, but the cost of victory was not trivial, and not before the Aryans had sacrificed six wickets that Dame Victory eventually smiled on them, leaving them victorious by only 4 wckets and 1 run.

(From our own Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 15.

To-day's was one of the most exciting day's game hitherto witnessed in the initial rounds of this year's tournament, and those who were present in the ground were well rewarded for their pains. Rapidity in the change of scene and circumstance was the chief feature of to-day's cricket, and there was hardly any spell of monotony to mar it. Not only was the Hindu's first innings completed to-day but even final ones on both sides till the Mahomedan lead of barely 67 runs was exceeded. The day was full of surprises which provided more than one case for the psychologist. Joshi who had managed to baffle the Mahomedan bowling, yesterday, came out to continue the innings and was cleanbowled off the first ball. Irfani-Ibrahim Khan, combination, which similarly baulked the Hindu bowling right upto lunch time to-day, was broken off the ball after resumption. Then again the close of the day saw such a strong batting combination as the Hindus overbalancing themselves in the race for a paltry 68 in an hour, and then too when an extension beyond the prescribed limits was granted. Two wickets must needs be sacrificed for the collection of 8 runs. The overnight remnant of Hindu batsmen was dismissed early for the addition of only 11 runs.

The Mahomedans faced a heavy deficit of 123 runs, a figure which exceeded their own first innings' score. They started on their second venture with none too rosy prospects in view of their first total not quite placing the chance of an innings' defeat beyond the pale of possibility. A brilliant first-wicket stand, however, was made by Vishram and Murad which produced 89, the deficit being knocked off before the fall of the second wicket. The rest of the side, however, made only a show of fight, collapsing in an hour and a half for the addition of only 52 runs, i.e., less than Murad's individual contribution. As a result of this cheap dismisal for which S. M. Dalvi's bowling was chiefly responsible, the Mahomedans saw the defeat only 68 runs ahead. The acquisition of this seemed very easy, and the Hindus, therefore, sent in two of their steadiest rungetting bats, Navle and Jai, to do it. But it was a long way to 68, and what looked a straight run ended in a stampede which overwhelmed the greater part of the successful eleven. The Hindus this won the round by four wickets, two days' play making them eligible to try the issues with the other finalists viz., Parsees, on Monday.

Messrs. Kuchreja and Co. of Poona have offered the present of a cricket bat to the top-scorer on either side in the finals of the Tournament.

The Hindus continued their first innings at eleven to-day. Yesterday's not-outs Naidu and Joshi coming to face the Mahomedan attack, which was in charge of Murad and Rassool. A thin shower just before the game started had slightly softened the wicket, a circumstance which told upon Joshi's Career. Murad's first ball clean bowling him out. This was bad enough but worse was in store for the last of the Hindus best bats succumbed without a show of fight. Joshi's overnight stand with Naidu short as it was was a creditable performance being interspersed with a number of pretty strokes, which the crowd repeatedly greeted with shouts of applause. It was unfortunate that he was dismissed off the first ball of the day after such a fine display. Godambe who was taken vice one of the absentee brothers now joined Naidu, who soon reached his 80 amidst applause. He only saw two more runs added, however, for happening to tip a delivery from Rasool he was smartly held by Irfani behind wickets. (232-9-82) Naidu's innings of 82 though decidedly disappointing from a popular point of view being absolutely devoid of his usual spark and dash was yet best in this round and only just fell short of that of Gandhi. Naidu's century was confidently looked upto but it dwindled away into thin air.

Chandarana, Hindu bowler now joined Godambe but soon the Hindu first venture came to a close half an hour after start, Gadambe being completely defeated by Rasool. Three wickets including Naidu fell in 30 minutes for an addition of 11 runs only the total Hindu score being 237.

MAHOMEDAN 2ND INNINGS.

123 runs in arrears the Mahomedans started on their second innings at 11/40, with Vishram and Murad, to the bowling of Rana and Joshi. The former led off from the Gymkhana end, the Mahomedan skipper notching a single off his first ball. The batsmen began an ultra-cautious style, and the first decade took 18 minutes to collect. Murad greeted this with four off Rana, Vishram turning the same bowler to the leg-boundary immediately afterwards. Twenty were registered and Erram was directed to take over from Rana, who had not yet been able to find his length. A number of short runs, for which Murad was chiefly responsible, brought up the next decade, which was speedily followed by 40. This was too much for the Hindu captain, who now relieved Joshi, in person, and when in his own over half a century was raised as the result of as many minutes' play. Godambe was put on in place of Errum. Murad was now 21 and Visram 30, and the ropes had only twice been crossed. Dalvi conceded another boundary. Both batsmen were now clearly set, and their steady game had evidently got on the nerves of the Hindu bowlers. Neither Godambe nor the Hindu skipper seemed to make any impression on Murad, much less on Vishram, who repeatedly hit out though the keen fielding. Sixty and then seventy appeared vociferous applause greeting the advent of each new figure. When the total was 74 another sudden outburst indicated that Vishram had reached his half century.

The last change before lunch was now effected, Naidu being ordered to take over from Godambe, and Dalvi retiring in favour of Pardeshi. No miracle followed in the regime of these two also, and when an adjournment was made for lunch at 1 o'clock the total stood at 81—Vishram 52, Murad 29. Not a single bye was allowed and not a single chance was offered by either batsman.

AFTER LUNCH.

After lunch, when play was resumed at 2, after an hour's rest, bowling was again in charge of Joshi and Rana. The former led off, but Vishram refused to concede a maiden, wresting a single off the fourth ball. The bait was evidently working, for Vishram was seeking to meet Joshi's slows half-way up the wicket. Navle was not to be caught napping however, and off the first ball that passed the batsman, bails were smartly knocked off. The Mahomedan skipper was yards out of the crease. The Mahomedan skipper, with the collaboration of Murad, had succeeded in placing on a sounder footing the Mahomedan fortunes. Vishram played an excellent innings for 59, which was absolutely faultless. (89—1—59).

Murad now wanted ten for his half century.

Abdul Aziz, the first innings top-scorer, filled up the gap, and soon the ninth decade was sent up. The century was not long in coming. Both batsmen exhibiting some neat off-drives, Murad, soon after, reaching his half century with four off Joshi. The score was now 109, which meant an addition of 27 in half an hour.

HINDU DEBT WIPED OFF.

The next figure on the board saw Rana replaced by Godambe, the Captain himself taking over from Joshi after Murad had registered the 12th decade by off-driving Godambe to the boundary. Three runs more and the pair passed the heavy deficit of 123, Murad giving a proof of relief of the great load by clean-lifting Godambe to the eastern boundary. His task was done, however, and as though conscious of it he played with less restraint and skied Dalvi. C. H. Rana, substitute for other Dalvi, making no mistake in holding him. Murad's contricution of 56 for the first wicket was another memorable performance of the Mahomedan second innings. Thre were 4 boundries to his credit. (138 2—56).

This was the beginning of a series of batsmen collapsing one after another till Rasool stayed the rot.

Barodawalla now joined Abdul Aziz, but with the addition of only one run to the last total, the latter batsman was finely held by Joshi in the slips, off Godambe. Aziz was just giving promise of another bright display when he was suddenly cut off. (139—3—22).

Nazir Husein now came to the crease, played a ball, and retired, Dalvi snapping up an easy return in the slips off the same bowler. (139—4—0).

Shaikh bridged the gap, and saw his partner clean bowled out by Dalvi, four runs later. This was the fourth wicket in the course of ten minutes' play. (143—5—43.

THE ROT.

Lotia left the pavilion and was greeted with shouts which only few understood. He slogged Dalvi to the long boundary, but soon Dalvi up-rooted, his wicket. (147—6—4).

Rasool joined Shaikh bringing a runner with him, and a short but useful partnership followed. Slowly the third half century came, and Shaikh doing some shorts runs, 160 was registered. Dalvi then took his fourth wicket by completely beating Shaikh with a straight one. (162—7—9).

Ibrahim Khan, then joined Rasool, who thinking to try a little lefting picked the wrong ball off Joshi who was bowling in place of Godambe, and was held in the 'country' by Deodhar. (164—8—4).

Bham filled the ninth place, but had just succeeded in breaking his duck when he skied a ball just about the wicket and was held by Navle off Dalvi. (166—9—1).

Here the rot ended, and an interesting unexpected partnership followed.

WELCOME LAST WICKET STAND.

At 3-45 p.m. Irfani, the last man in, came to his side's rescue and made a very plucky show right upto tea time. No such possibility was anticipated, to put it frankly, and his every stop elicited cheers, not to mention the hits. The pair remained intact for what seemed a very long time. Changes in bowling were now effected, Godambe gave over to Joshi, to Rana, Dalvi to Joshi, but all to no effect at four, when the score stood at (180) the figure which had been brought up by the last pair right from 166 and which raised the hopes of the second century in some fond hearts.

The question of tea interval was mooted, but it was decided to play out. Neither batsman was willing to sacrifice his bat for the sake of an early adjournment, and when at 4-15, a temporary cessation of play was at last made, the score was 190, Ibrahim Khan 16, and Irfani 10.

After tea, Ebrahim Khan and Irfani took field at 4/32. Rana opened to Ebrahim Khan. The latter hit it to cover, and committed the error of calling a run, off a smart return. Irfani failed to respond however, and ere Ebrahim Khan could regain his crease, Navle had disturbed his wicket.

The Mahomedan second innings thus closed at 4/30 for 190, which meant that the side was only 67 runs to the good against an innings' defeat.

HINDU SECOND INNINGS.

A couple of minutes to five, and 68 runs between them and victory, Hindus began their final venture with Jai and Navle to the bowling of Aziz Khan and Murad. The former wrested a maiden from Jai, the actual score being began with a bye. A few singles snatched here and till Jai sent the first decade up with a beautiful byglance ball, finding the ropes without interruption. Both players were going on so merrily that it looked as though no further reinforcement would be called for to bridge the gulf to victory, but Navle failed unexpectedly shedding his wicket to a fine off-break from Murad. (12—1—4).

Naidu joined Jai and it appeared the conclusion of the game and round would result sooner than anticipated. But Murad almost put an end to such hopes and fears by capturing his second wicket only seven runs later, Jai offering easy catch to Vishram at mid-off. (19—2—10).

Two good wickets down just half a century wanted to win, and 35 minutes to go. Deodhar joined Naidu, who severaly punished Aziz soon after by twice showing him the leg-boundary in the same over, following this up a three off Murad. This brought 30 on the board, and three runs later Naidu made a mess of what looked the first 'sixer' of the Hindu-Muslim round, and escaped penalty by the skin of his teeth. He opened his shoulders to a delivery from Rasool, who had replaced Aziz Khan, and then Nazir Husein suddenly attracted individual conspicuity by having the eyes of the populace focussed on his immediate action.

COST OF VICTORY.

Once again Naidu skied but the ball just fell short of the nearest fielder's reach. He was evidently bent on forcing the game and at the third chance he offered Irfani made amends by holding him smartly behind the wickets. Naidu's innings for 21 was brighter than that of yesterday 79. (46—3—21).

V. A. Dalvi came out, and four runs later the fourth wicket fell in the same manner, being held behind the wickets, this time off Rasool. (152—4—12).

It seemed the last chance of game being brought to finish to-day was now gone.

Four wickets down and victory 16 runs away, Dalvi, the Captain joined his name sake. A neat boundary to leg, off Murad, and an over-throw magnifying a single into a brave, soon after brought sixty up. The Hindus wanted 8 runs more, but victory was not to be theirs till two more wickets were sacrificed. At 65, Rasool scattered V. A. Dalvi's wicket, which reminded one of the proverbial slip between the cup and the lip.

Pardeshi became associated with his skipper in the task of collecting three runs and coming to the crease gave his quota of a single. Dalvi then hit Rasool's fourth ball to cover and called for. When two were run they ought to have stopped, but Dalvi called for another and the ball reaching the wicket sooner than Pardeshi, threw out the sixth Hindu wicket. Thus the Hindu-Mahomedan round ended at 6-3, leaving the former victorious by a margin of 3 wickets in two days' play.

MAHOMEDANS.—(1st Innings.)

M H Visram c S M Dalvi b Joshi	7
N E Shaik c Navle b Joshi	1
C A Murad, l-b-w, Joshi	13
Rasool, b Rana	3
Abdul Aziz Khan st. Savle b Joshi	43
Nazir Husein c Navle b Joshi	10
Barodawalla, b Errum	25
A E Bham, b Errum	4
Lotia, b Joshi	3
Ebrahim Khan not out	2
Irfani, b Joshi	0
Extras	3
Total	114

2nd Innings.

Vishram, st. Navle, b Joshi	59
Murad c (sub.) b S. Dalvi	56
Abdul Aziz Khan, c Joshi b Godambe ...	22
Barodawalla b S. M. Dalvi	3
Nazir Husein c S. M. Dalvi b Godambe	0
Lotia b S. M. Dalvi	4
Rasool c Deodhar b Joshi	4
Shaikh b Dalvi	9
Bham c Navle b Dalvi	1
Irfani (not out)	9
Ibrahim Khan (run out)	15
Total	190

Runs at fall of each wicket:—1/89, 2/138, 3/139, 4/139, 5/143, 6/147, 7/162, 8/164, 9/166.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Mahomedan—2nnd Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Rane	10.1	1	33	0
Joshi	22	1	49	2
Errum	4	0	13	0
S. Dalvi	17	0	46	5
Godambe	14	3	33	2
Naidu	1	0	2	0
Pardeshi	1	0	5	0

HINDUS—(1st Innings.)

S. M. Dalvi, b Murad	26
J. G. Navle, b Ibrahimkhan	41
V. A. Dalvi, c Lotia, b Murad	0
D. B. Deodhar, b Murad	35
L. P. Jai, b Murad	0
S. Errum, b Murad	0
K. G. Pardeshi, b Murad	12
Naidu C. Irfani, b Rasool	82
Joshi, b Murad	11
S. R. Godambe, b Rasool	4
Chanda Rana, not out.	
Extras	26
Total	237

At the fall of each wicket complete series 8/226, 9/232, 10/237.

2nd Innings.

Jai c Vishram b Murad	10
Navle b Murad	4
Naidu c Irfani b Murad	21
Deodhar c Irfani b Rasool	12
V. A. Dalvi b Rasool	6
S. M. Dalvi (not out)	10
Pardeshi (run out)	1
Extras	4
Total (for 6 wickets)	68

Errum, Joshi, Godambe and Rana did not bat.

Runs at fall of each wicket: 1/12, 2/1 3/46, 4/52, 5/65, 6/68.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Hindu—1st Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Abdul Azizkhan ...	6	Nil	44	Nil.
Murad	25	1	59	7
Nazir Husan	8	Nil	27	Nil.
Lotia	6	Nil	19	Nil.
Shaikh	5	2	5	Nil.
Ebrahimkhan ...	10	3	31	1
Rasool	153	Nil	36	2

Hindus—Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Aziz Khan	7	1	21	0
Murad	12	1	31	3
Rasool	5.4	0	9	1

Runs at fall of each wicket: 1/45, 2/45, 3/98, 4/32, 5/134, 6/138, 7/198, 8/226, 9/223, 10/237.

Umpires.—Messrs. Davar and Eade.

PROPOSED INCREASE IN RENTS.

CLERKS' UNION PROTEST MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Clerks' Union, a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay was held on Thursday night at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall to protest against the proposed 33 1/3 per cent increase in House Rent, Mr. Joseph Baptista, presiding.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

I am obliged to you for asking me to preside at this meeting. It gives me great pleasure to do so. It gives me greater pleasure to congratulate the Clerks' Union upon the dynamic energy they have displayed in ventilating their grievance and organising this meeting. I wish them all success in their aspirations, and I trust the day is not distant when it can be said that the City will think to-morrow what the clerks think to-day.

Now turning to the provisions of the Bill for amending the Rent Act there are three grave defects noticeable. The operative period is too short, the increased power to raise rents is bad, and the omission of provisions to enforce repairs, and fix a reasonable rent in the case of new presises is the direful spring of much hardship. The resolution that will be placed before you embodies these grievances. This unfortunately brings the tenant into conflict with the landlord, and there is not much of love lost between them even when the landlord happens to be a landlady. I am told that there are good and bad tenants and good and bad landlords; but I have no doubt that no tenant is bad when the landlord is good. We do not expect angelic virtues in landlords, but we are justified in insisting that they should not descend into the manholes of avarice. They were unquestionably avaricious in the past. The Rent Act itself is a verdict of guilty against them. Have they ceased to be avaricious under the chastening influence of the Act? I see no signs of it. There are signs to the contrary. The most damaging fact against them is that they do not resent the Act as libel on their character, but as restraints on their rapadity In considering the merits of our demands therefore the Legislature must not overlook the confessions of Mr. Dabholkar as champion of the landlords. They may not be angels, or devils, or even wolves; but they are bent upon making hay while the Sun shines and taking the fullest advantage of the famine of houses by letting them at famine prices. No sensible Legislature ought to tolerate it in the interess of the greatest good of the greatest number.

We are told that the Rent Act is an unjust measure. It was justified as a War measure, but now that the War has ended, the Act should be ended and not mended. It is true that the Act was passed during the war, and that it professed to impose restraints as War restrictions, but in reality it was no more a War measure than the Reforms Act was a War measure though it looks very much like it after the Prime Minister's bamboozling bombardment No measure can be said to be a War measure unless to be designed to win the War, or to relieve the burden the War measures impose. The Rent Act was not a measure to relieve the burdens imposed by other War measures of Government. The Rent Act is therefore in no sense a War measure. The end of the War is no argument against the continuance of the Rent Act. It was necessitated by the rapacity of the landlords and the question is whether that necessity has pased away. I have already shown that the landlords show no sign that they mean to charge anything less than famine prices.

As for the discrimination between landlords and lawyers, I have seldom come across a more ridiculous argument. The higher fees that some lawyers and doctors can command is due to their capacity and not the law of demand and supply. And this brings me to the still more riduculous comparison between the landlords and the tradesmen. The tradesman invests his capital and takes all the risks. He has to manage his business with skill and ability and to employ able men. One false step may land him into insolvency. He has to stand the competition of the whole world. His profits and losses fluctuate enormously The landlord takes no risk. He has not to stand any competition. There are no Joint Stock Companies for building houses on business principles. He contributes nothing towards improvement. We contribute directly through the Corporation. The Corporation has spent crores upon Water Works, Drainage, Sanitation, Roads and Lights. In 20 years these works have enhanced the value of old houses by 300 per cent. Twenty years ago one per cent. on assessment fetched 2½ lakhs; to-day it fetches nearly 10 lakhs. The landlord toils not but he reaps the harvest. In Socialistic phraseology he is a parasite. Of all the humbugs in creation there is no bigger humbug than to speak of landlords in the same breath as with merchants, traders, lawyers or doctors.

I shall now deal with the specific grievances. The Bill proposes to extend the duration of the Act by one year. This is an admission of the present necessity of the Act. There ought therefore to be no limit of time. When the necessity passes away the Act can be repealed. None but a prophet can anticipate that the necessity will pass away in a couple of years. So far as I can see there is no hope that the necessity will pass away in a decade. The famine of houses is notorious. One of the duties of the Improvement Trust was to build houses for the poor dishoused, a duty which they neglected most criminally. The Census Report is not yet available; but so far as I can see there are scarcely 1,20,000 tenements for residential purposes. Of these about 1,00,000 tenements are one-roomed tenements. Over 80 per cent. of the population occupy one room tenements. Their requirement at 5 per room would be 2,00,000 tenements. It means 1,00,000 tnements are required for 50,00,00 persons. Under the circumstances to suggest that the provision of accommodation for 18,000 persons by the Development Directorate removes the necessity for protecting the poor is cruel to the pont of criminality. The high rents mean overcrowding. In one case Dr. Miss Borneo, a Government official, found tremendous overcrowding. There were 20 or 30. Three women were in delicate condition. One had just given birth to a child. No wonder 50 per cent of the children perish in the year. I am afraid the voice of the innocents will cry to Heaven for vengeance. So far as signs are visible there is no hope that the requisite number of tenements would be built in two deades. Therefore the demand for 5 years is exceedingly moderate and reasonable.

The next point is the raising of the rent. The rent has been rising for several years. greatly stimulated by the operations of the Improvement Trust. No one can say that the rent charged in 1916 was low owing to the angelic virtues of the landlords. It was as high as the law of Supply and Demand enabled them to charge. But the landlords saw the fabulous fortunes made by tradesmen during the war. They too wanted to make a furtune from rents. There was some competition between the landlords and the new millionaries. The result was a wild wave of speculation which forced the value of houses by 3 and 400 per cent. The Rent Act has arrested the full development of this speculation. The removal of the restraints would revive the speculation disorganizing trade and industry, inflicting great hardships on tenants and consumers and ending in strikes and riots. It would be a blunder of the first magnitude to revive this speculation even by allowing higher rents. The excuse is that the higher rents are allowed for the increased cost of repairs. The fact is that landlords levied the higher rent without spending a pie on repairs in countless cases. The rent would jump by 33 per cent the very month in which it was passed. The cost of materials is less today than it was in 1918. There is therefore no justification for higher rents. What is more extraordinary is that though this ten per cent is levied the tenants have no means of enforcing repairs. It constitutes a legitimate grievance what should be redressed and it would put an end to much harassment and exasperation. One of the grievances of the landlords is that the new houses can charge what rent they please. This is a case of omission on the part of the legislature. It should provide that the rent should be reasonable, not exceeding 7 or 8 per cent. as the nett interest on capital invested. In former days landlords used to say that they could not make 4 per cent. on their investment in houses. They used to be dissatisfied with 16 years or even 20 years, purchase. Now they are not satisfied with 10 per cent. They openly say that when they can get 6½ per cent. from Government, why should they invest in houses? But houses in Bombay increase in value by way of capital. Loans do not. It is absolutely necessary that you should speak out loudly for no one will give you any relief unless you bring home to Government that you are labouring under burdens which have become intolerable that you will practice passive resistance on a wholesale scale if the landlords raise the rent.

RESOLUTION.

The following resolution was passed at the meeting:—

Resolved that this Public Meeting held under the auspices of the Clerks' Union emphatically protests against any increase in the present power of the landlords to raise the rents above the rents of 1916, and trusts that the Legislative Counncil of Bombay will (1) reject the proposed increase in the Bill for amending the Rent Acts. (2) extend the operation of the Act for a period of five years at least, and (3) insert a provision in the Act empowering tenants to do necessary repairs in cases where landlords decline to do so, and to recover the cost thereof from the rents, and to fix a reasonable rent in the cases of new premises, and (4) generally to make provisions on the lines of the latest consolidated Rent Acts of the United Kingdom.

MAKING THE RICH RICHER.

In moving the first resolution Mr. R. B. Paymaster said that after the very learned and forcible address of their chairman, no words were needed from the speaker in support of the resolution, but he wanted to place before them a few facts with regard to the Bill that was now before the Council. The Government were, to his mind, making a present of crores of rupees to the landlords of this city some of whom were wealthy millowners. In the shape of increase in the value of their property, the Government were putting, as it were, five crores in the pockets of the landlords. Now by the increase of 33 1/3 per cent in rents what would be the gain to the landlords? The gain, to his mind, would be 23 lakhs of rupees. That was the sort of present the Government were going to make with a stroke of the pen. If the Bill were passed in the Councel, would Government be ready to increase the slaries of their servants? They knew that Lord Inchcape was coming to India to reduce the expenditure of Government. Would merchants, he asked, be willing to increase the salaries of their sevants if the bill was passed in the Council? Would the salaries of clerks be increased if the bill was passed? In some mercantile firms the employers were making reduction after reductions and when they were engaged in making reductions were they going to increase the salaries of their poor clerks? To his mind the lot of the millhands and the artisans was better than that of the clerks. The millhands could threaten a strike if their wages were not increased while the poor clerks could not do so. He was in a position to say that if the bill was allowed to be passed in the Council there would be a sort of passive resistance of the tenant and there would be many eject-

(Continued on page 10.)

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagement.

TO-DAY.

Parsi Khordadsal: Bank Holiday.
Parsi Khordadsal gathering at the Empress Cinema, 10-30 a.m.
English mail steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, due at 7 a.m.
Principal Pitambekar's lecture on Civics and "Functions and Forms of Government". National Medical College, 4 p.m.
Protest meeting re. Rent Acts, Servants of India Society's Hall, 5-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, September 17.

Turkish Victory Day.
Khilafat Volunteers to be present at Pathan Shah Dargah, 2-30 p.m.
Opening ceremony of the building of the Gokhale E. S. School, Girgaum Back Road, 5-30 p.m., Hon. Sir C. H. Setalvad to preside.

MONDAY, SEPT. 18.

Gandhi Day: Public meeting, Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6-30 p.m.
24-hour Spinning Demonstration, Saraswat Building, Gamdevi, 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. (also midnight ending demonstation).

Domestic Occurrences.

DEATH.

OOMRIGAR—Seth Ookerji Cawasji Oomrigar (Proprietor D. C. Oomrigar & Co.), died yesterday afternoon. Funeral this morning at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at his residence 157 Chandanwadi near Chira Bazaar.

BIRTH.

On the 10th inst. to Dinbai, the wife of Mr. M. D. Lavangia (Khandwa) a son.

FREE HINDI NIGHT CLASS AT MATUNGA

For the convenience of those members who do not understand to read or write Marathi language the Matunga Congress Committee has made arrangements to open a free night class to teach Hindi language at the Congress Office between 8 to 10 p.m. (S.T.) The night class has been opened from 13th September. Those who desire to attend this class are requested to enlist their names at the Congress Office, Visrani Nivas, Matunga, at an early date.

MANDVI CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

Mandvi Volunteers' Corps, The Jain Volunteers' Corps and other Corps will start in procession at 7 a.m. (S.T.) from Mandvi Congress office to hawk khadi and pass through all the principal streets of the Ward on the Gandhi day (next Monday).

Ladies' public meeting will be held at 2 p.m. in Shri Cutchi Jain Mahajanwadi, Khadak, Mandvi.

A small exhibition of rentias, looms and khadi has been organised on that day in Mahajanwadi.

A public meeting of the young men of Mandvi Ward will be held at 6 p.m. in Mahajanwadi.

A public meeting will be held at 9 p.m. in Danabunder, near Masjid Bridge, under the presidency of Shriyut K. P. Khadilkar. Messrs. Valabhbhai Patel, Manilal Kothari, Jamnadas M. Mehta, Mansukhlal R. Mehta, Zahur Ahmed, Mahomed Alum, Khurshed A. Nariman and others will be among the speakers.

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS.

LECTURE ON ART AND INDUSTRY.

Under the auspices of the Indian Industries and Trade Developing Syndicate Ltd., a series of lectures on "Reflection on Industry, Art and Poetry, forthcoming Karachi Exhibition and the share of women in the industrial development of India etc., will be delivered by well-known speakers on Sunday, at 6 p.m. at the Vanita Vishram Lecture Hall, Sandhurst Road.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

A conversational meeting of the members of the Muslim Student Union will take place to-day at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Union Hall, Chowpatty, when all members are invited to attend.

RASTRIYA STRI SABHA.

Under the auspices of the Rastriya Stri Sabha and Bhagini Samaj a public meeting of ladies will be held, on Monday, at 3 p.m. at Marwadi Vidyalaya to celebrate the Gandhi Day when Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel and Mrs. Narmaduben Purohit will speak on "Mahatmaji's work.

SWARAJYA SABHA VOLUNTEER CORPS.

All the Volunteers of the above Corps are requested to be present to-day (Saturday) 8-30 a.m. precisely at Mr. Vijay's House, Bhaijeevanjee Lane, Thakurdwar.

HAWKING OF KHADDAR.

The Volunteers of the Akhila Karnataka Sangha will hawk about pure Khaddar to-morrow (Sunday) between 7-30 a.m. and 12 noon, on Sandhurst Road. The sales on Sunday last amounted to Rs. 354.

A CONDOLENCE MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Namadeo Samaj Samstha, Namdeo Cooperative Annex Ltd., and Namadeo Cooperative Credit Society there will be a condolence meeting to-day Saturday at 9-30 p.m. at Khaudke Hall, Kapad Galli to express the deep grief of the Namadeo community at the death of Mr. Atmaram Narayen Wanarse their great leader.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS.

GOKHALE EDUCATION SOCIETY'S SCHOOL.

The opening ceremony of the building of the Gokhale Education Society's Dharamsey Govindji Thackersey High School, Girgaum Back Road, will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. The Hon. Sir C. H. Setalvad will perform the ceremony. The Trustees of the Society cordially invite all the Society's donors friends and sympathisers to attend the ceremony.

BOMBAY CATHOLIC WELFARE ORGANISATION.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Catholic Welfare Organisation a public lecture on "Wealth and Welfare" will be given by Prof. F. Correia-Afonso to-morrow (Sunday) at 11- a. m. in the Instituto Luso-Indiano Hall, Dabul. Major C. Fernandes will preside. All are cordially invited.

CONTINUATION CLASS IN CO-OPERATION.

The next weekly continuation class in co-operation will be held as usual at the Maratha High School, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, from 8-30 a.m. to 9-30 a.m. on Sunday, Rao Bahadur S. S. Talmaki will deliver a lecture on "Cottage Industries."

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION AND FINANCE CLASS.

Under the auspices of the Study Circle of the Indian Liberal Club, a class on "Municipal Administration and Municipal Finance" will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.), in the Hall of the Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, Mr. C. S. Deole will conduct it. All those who are interested in the subject are requested to attend.

FEAST OF OUR LADY OF DOLOURS.

The following is the programme of the Feast of Our Lady of Dolours in the Chapel of New Sonapur:—

The Novenas will commence from Sunday the 17th September Novena Mass at 7-15 a.m. Low Mass at 6-30 a.m.

Rosary Sermon and Benerdiction at 7 p.m. The Rev. J. Freitas, D. D. will preach during Novenas.

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Saturday, September 16, 1922.

FOR LASTING PEACE.

In the news which reaches us from Europe of the views of the Allies upon the Turkish victories nothing is more remarkable than this: that whereas France and Italy perceive in them a golden opportunity to bring about a reconciliation between East and West, England seems unaware of anything beyond the Greek and Turkish conflict and its narrow issues. Yet England is the Power which stands to suffer most from the antagonism of the East, and therefore ought most eagerly to seek for reconciliation. The myopy of present British statesmanship has never been more clearly shown than in the support which British statesmen—for considerations which have not yet been elucidated—gave to Greek ambition. Events have proved them altogether in the wrong—so much so as to show unmistakably, to the impartial student of events, that the whole theory on which their policy was based is false. The Greeks are not more, but less civilised than the Turks, unless cupidity and braggadocio combined with business sharpness are to be accepted as the signs of civilisation; they are not more, but less "Christian" than the Turks unless the repetition of certain formulas and the observance of certain ceremonies, and not obedience to Christ's precepts, is to be the test of Christianity.

These facts are patent to the world; yet British statesmen still talk as if their most important task in the peace settlement was to secure protection for the "Christians" of the East from Turkish cruelty. Their most important task is—or ought to be—to reconcile the East with "Christian" Europe, and that can only be performed by securing protection for the Turks from "Christian" cruelty. So long as European statesmen still condone the butchery of Muslims by the Christians of the East, so long as the same men who would condemn to death the murderers of a Sir Henry Wilson can justify the murders of a Talaat or a Jemal or a Said Halim and concede to organisations whose chief aim is murder the title, and position of "Allies," it is obvious that there can be no reconciliation between East and West. It is largely the particular protection and unfair support given by European Governments to the Christian minorities against the Muslim majority in the Turkish Empire which has caused the bitter feeling against Europe which is found to-day among non-"Christian" peoples of the East. The cry of "Europe for the Europeans" might be all very well if Europe would admit the logical retort of "Asia for the Asiatics." The Greek invasion of Asia Minor, with support from England, marked as it was by the atrocities of a medieval Crusade has shown up the *hypocrisy* of the Gladstonian warcry. England should indeed be thankful that the Greeks are driven out; for she has now a chance to reconsider her decision, proved fallacious, and retrace her steps; and the first thing she should reconsider is her attitude towards the Eastern "Christians" which is, in fact, the cause of all her trouble in the East.

Those "Christians" have been used as catspaws by the Powers of Europe in the past. They have been employed in peace-time secretly—in wartime openly—to embarrass, weaken, slaughter and despoil the Turks. The Turks have come to stand for Asia in the imagination of every Oriental and of every man who has sufficient objectivity to realise another's point view; and from the blood of martyred Turkey has sprung the tree of Asiatic Unity—the greatest portent in the world today. A considerderable section of the Eastern "Christians", who are Asiatics in the pay of Europe, are naturally regarded as traitors to the cause of Asia: but every Asiatic knows that they are less to blame than are the Powers of Europe who corrupted them, and trained them and paid them for the work of murder and of spoliation. Every Asiatic knows quite well that, if the Powers of Europe ceased to give them their "protection", the Eastern "Christians" would become again what they once were—good friends and neighbours with the Muslims. Nothing could be more unfortunate, therefore, in view of the embittered state of feeling in the East, than that England should continue to regard the Turkish question as a question mainly of "protecting" the seditious Christians in the Turkish homelands. There are plenty of Christians in the Turkish homelands who are not seditious. Let the Government of England hear their views about a settlement, and not side only with known traitors. "Do unto others as you would that others should do unto you" is no bad precept for the statesman whose concern is lasting peace. How would England like it if some international tribunal, which she did not recognise, made special provision, say, for the protection of the Moplahs or the Pathans, which had the effect of placing every Moplah or Pathan above the laws obeyed by other British subjects. If reconciliation, which alone can lead to lasting peace, is the object of the British Government, they must once for all give up their special patronage of "Christian" efforts as against the Muslim in the East. So long as that patronage is evident, Eastern faith in British tolerance and justice can have no existence.

Notes of the Day

Bombay School of Art.

Early on Wednesday morning, the Principal (Capt. W. E. G. Solomon) and a number of students of the Bombay School of Art returned from a week's visit to the Ajanta Caves, in the Nizam's Dominions, a pleasant outing which had been arranged for them by no less a person than H. E. the Governor of Bombay, whose care for Indian art extends, it is now evident, to Indian artists. The visit was, we hear, a great success. Several hours of every day were spent in study of the mural paintings in the caves, paintings which are universally acknowledged as among the world's great masterpieces, and the students thoroughly enjoyed, the freedom—and comparative hardships—of a picnic in the wilds. As we have often had occasion to point out before, it is high time that the example of His Excellency the Governor in patronising the great revival of Indian Art which is taking place in this city, was followed by the public of Bombay—those of them, at any rate, who have the means to follow it. Most of the students of the Bombay School of Art are very poor; they would never have been able to afford to visit the Ajanta caves, had it not been for the kind thought of Sir George Lloyd. Will not some of our rich men arrange for them to visit other monuments of the artistic greatness of their country in the past, and patronise their work as Sir George Lloyd has done. It is very necessary that the Indian public should support this Indian movement strongly; otherwise when Sir George Lloyd leaves Bombay it is only too probable that the movement will collapse. For the School of Art is under the Education Department, and that department is not framed for the production of the higher forms of art; and so far nothing has been done, in the way of altering the regulations of the School, to secure the permanence of that instruction in High Art, which alone can produce the great creative artist. The whole thing rests at present on the personality of the Governor and it is most improbable that his successor will be a man of the same cultivated taste and keen perception in the realm of art. It is not too much to say, that the future of an Artistic Revival, which promises to exalt India once more in the opinion of the civilised world, depends on the cooperation of the public of Bombay.

In Justice.

Some time ago we published a letter from Mr. Barjorji Framji Bharucha in which that gentleman attempted to assess the claims of H.E. Sir George Lloyd, as Governor, to the gratitude of Indians or the reverse. On the credit side he mentioned His Excellency's support of Indian Art and Artists, but failed to mention a much greater matter from the Indian and the Asiatic point of view. He altogether omitted to mention that Sir George Lloyd is a staunch supporter of the Muslim cause, in his own way; that he knows and loves the Turkish people, and has never ceased to urge upon the British Government the folly and iniquity of their pro-Greek activities. It is true that he is not with us; the arrest and prosecution of the Ali Brothers and Mahatma Gandhi shows the difference of his attitude from that of Indian nationalism on this burning Asiatic question. Perhaps he would have justified those prosecutions by his own belief that England would herself do justice to Islam and Asia. But so far as we know, he is the only personage in the Government of India who has any first-hand knowledge of the Turkish Question, or truly sympathises with Muslims on that question. We cannot help attributing the Government of India's cablegram to the British Cabinet largely to his efforts on behalf of Muslims, and that the said cablegram has had a great effect no-one can deny. Now is the moment for the Government of India to bring every pressure possible to bear upon the British Government in order to obtain full justice for the Muslims and revive the honour and prestige of England in the East; and if the Government now does its duty in this matter, as we sincerely hope it will, we shall be sure that it is very largely owing to Sir George Lloyd's influence. He is an expert on Near Eastern Questions; all the rest are laymen. The justice of his views has now been demonstrated by events. At such a moment, it is certain to be listened to, and if the Government of India now does what it ought to have done two years ago, and stands for India and for Asia firmly on those questions, Indian nationalists, even those—nay, principally those—whom he has put in jail and treated on a par with felons—will always have a good word for Sir George Lloyd.

Gujarat Vidyapith: A Munificent Donation.

We are happy to be able to announce the donation, through his brother Seth Revashankar Jagjivan, of Laburnum Road, Bombay, of two lakhs and a half of rupees by Dr. Pranjivandas J. Mehta of Rangoon to the Gujarat National University, of which, as everybody knows, Mahatma Gandhi is the Chancellor and Acharya Gidwani, the head. Everybody who has visited the Vidyapith must realise the magnitude of the patriotic work which it is doing upon truly patriotic lines. The appeal which is now being made in Bombay by representatives of the Gujerat Provincial Congress—most efficient and successful of Provincial Congresses—is for funds for the furtherance and extension of that work, which means so much to the India of the future. We hope that the example of Dr. Pranjivandas Mehta of Rangoon will be followed in Bombay by men whom God has blessed with wealth, and with the love of country which is more than wealth.

A Case for Inquiry.

Rumour has been frequently blamed, but has more often than not proved better informed than our official Directors of Information anent the extravagance of the Government of India. It is rumoured that the Government of India have asked one of the English Professors in an Indian University to write an apologia for their currency muddle, for a substantial consideration. The honorarium reported to have been offered makes us bewildered. Though quite of a piece with Government's exploits in other directions, we sincerely hope rumour is, for once, wrong. Before giving further details, we would allow a chance to our various Directors of Information to elucidate the mystery, or to any enterprising members of the Indian Legislature to elicit the information, whether the Government of India have asked any one to prepare an official *expose* and apology for the present currency muddle, with or without a consideration from the public funds of the Central or any of the local Governments.

Italy's Role.

Inaugurating the Italian Eastern Colonial Congress, the Italian Colonial Minister said that Italy had an important role to play in indicating a road to peace in the East. Italy can do more than that, and if she will not ignore her own vital interests, which are intimately bound up, in a way, with the existence of a strong and independent Turkish Empire, it is her duty to strive for an early peace, based not on the impracticable ideals of Mr. Lloyd George and Lord Curzon, as adumbrated in Paris last March, but on different lines based on justice, political morality and ethnic integrity. It is not sufficient for Italy or France at this juncture merely to assume a role of *non possumus* in regard to the East, but they must assert their common interests against the spiteful pro-Greek policy of the British Foreign Office. We do not attach much importance to the alleged French view that "the Turkish frontier in Thrace running along the Maritza River including Adrianople, would solve the whole question"—leaving practically the whole of Thrace in the hands of the Greeks—and the Allies in control of the Straits. Nothing can be more absurd than this, and we doubt if ever France has seriously meant it. For a lasting settlement, one has to probe far deeper into the possibilities than it is possible for Mr. Lloyd George—with his profound 'ignorance of history'—to do. We do not think France can be so ignorant, as Reuter has tried to make out, about the Turks' attitude as to suggest that "the Turks are quite prepared to agree to the Allied control of the Straits." With this question of the future of the Straits we have already fully dealt.

The Only Guarantee of Peace.

In the meantime fresh complications have arisen in the Balkans by the reported fighting which has occurred between the Greeks and the Bulgarians, at Nevrokop in Thrace. The news is not at all surprising. For a long time past, the Bulgarians have been complaining against the insolent attitude of Greeks, and in the absence of a check on such insolence, fighting has become inevitable. We may take it that the present fighting is only the beginning of a general conflagration in the Balkans, for which the Allies are mainly responsible. We do not expect news emanating from Greek sources to speak of anything but reverses to the enemies of Greece, so that when an Athens' cable mentions the repulse of the Bulgarian Comitadjis in their encounter with the valiant Greeks, we shall be justified in accepting the news with more than a grain of salt. It is admitted that Thrace might easily develop into a storm-centre in the Balkans at any moment, and as we are writing, we think it has already become one. The Greeks have violently persecuted the Muslims and Bulgars alike to such an extent that, rather than submit to the oppressive yoke of Greece they have abandoned their homes and lands and kept up an armed protest against the iniquity of the Treaty of Sevres which imposed the domination of the Greeks in Thrace. Political jealousies and ambitions of territorial aggrandisement are rife to-day throughout the Balkan States, and the national rivalries which have become acute must inevitably plunge the Near East in an irremediable disaster, what time the European Powers are building castles in the air. The present unrest in the Balkan Peninsula affords the best reason for recognizing the immutable fact that a strong Turkey is the only guarantee of real peace in that part of Europe.

THE FISCAL COMMISSION.

HARMFUL PROPOSALS.

I.

(SPECIAL TO THE "CHRONICLE.")

The prolonged delay in the publication of the Report of this Commission, which is announced to take place shortly, has been freely reported to have been due to the minute of dissent of the Indian members not having been communicated to the Government. The delay, however, would be more than justified if the dissent boldly lays down incontrovertible principles of a statesmanlike nature for the future guidance of the Indian fiscal policy. But the document is hopelessly disappointing. The Majority Report lays down:—

"We recommend in the best interests of India the adoption of a policy of *protection to be applied with discrimination along the lines indicated in this report.*" (Para 55)

But the Protection they have recommended, and the discrimination they have indicated, apart from implying a certain restriction attempted upon the free discretion of the Legislature in finally determining the fiscal policy of the country, will scarcely inaugurate an era of boundless prosperity for the Indian industries, restoring this country to that place in the roll of the industrial nations of the world, that is her due as much because of the immense natural resources she posseses, as of her vast labour power. The Majority Report displays an almost old maidish nervousness about the dangers of the Protection they have recommended. Accordingly their main recommendation seems like a forced ungracious concession, the result of an obvious compromise between the doctrinaire free trader and the nervously apprehensive protectionist, ashamed of his demands even while he is making them, lest he be accused of selfishness. What little merit this forced concession may have had is lost altogether by the conditions and stipulations which the Majority have chosen to hedge it round with. The real spirit of their report is breathed in para 93, which says:

"Our conclusions, therefore, are that in the interests of the consumers generally, and particularly of the masses of the people, in the interests of agriculture, in the interests of steady progress and for the maintenance of a favourable balance of trade, the policy of Protection which we recommend should be applied with discrimination, so as to make the inevitable burden on the community as light as it is consistent with the due development of industries, and to avoid abrupt disruption of industrial and commerical conditions."

A Fallacy.

Every one of these reasons involves a fallacy. In face of an all but unanimous verdict of the country in favour of a Protectionist policy, as gathered from the evidence laid before the Commission, it would have been impossible for that body to recommend anything but Protection in general. But lest the Indian industries should develop too fast, lest the commercial dominance of this country by Britain should in any way be endangered, the Commissioners of the Majority seem to have taken care to emasculate entirely their central recommendations by emphasising conditions and requirements which are entirely irrelevant to their reference. They assume a conflict of interest without examining properly the premises on which the assumption is grounded. They presuppose a burden to the community without allowing anything for the increased prosperity and enhanced purchasing power resulting all round from the full development of all possible industries in this country. They haggle and hesitate on the measure and extent of the Protection to be granted without having the courage of definitely prescribing their own standard of such assistance, if not protection, to the nascent industries of India. In succeeding articles an attempt will be made to examine their recommendations more fully under each of the main heads of the Report. But even in this place a note of warning needs to be uttered against the grave consequences of emphasising the supposed conflict of interests between the producing and consuming classes, between the agricultural and industrial classes, which is a misreading of the entire economic history of the world in the last hundred years. It is difficult to understand how the eminent men who composed the majority of the Commission, should have lent themselves to approve a camouflage that was invented and is maintained for the obvious needs

(Continued on page 11).

TURKISH PEACE PROBLEM.

GREEK INSISTENCE ON "TREATY RIGHTS!"

"NO PARTY TO ALLIES' TERMS" A RUSSIAN DISCLAIMER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 14.

It is stated in Greek official quarters that Greece will insist upon upholding to the fullest extent her Treaty rights in Thrace. It is added that the Greek army is quite equal to its task and is strong enough to deal with any menace from Bulgaria or Turkey. It is declared that the whole of Greece is unanimous in supporting the Government on the question of Eastern Thrace.

RUSSIA & NEAR-EAST.

"WILL NOT BE BOUND BY ANY DECISION REACHED."

LONDON, Sept. 14.

A long Note addressed to the Allies has been received in London from Moscow dealing with the Turkish situation, in which M. Chicherin declares Russia will not be bound by any decision reached and makes certain reservations concerning the Near East settlement. He expresses satisfaction at the Turkish victories and says all Russian people are on the side of Turkey. He offers to bring about an agreement.

ITALIAN GOVT. DRAFTS REPLY TO BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Rome.—The "Tribuna" reports that the Italian Government has drafted a reply to the Britain emphasising the necessity of the re-establishment of peace in the East and the avoidance of the spread of the conflagration. The paper thinks the Italian note will result in the rapid summoning of a Conference.

FRANCE'S NEAR EAST POLICY.

CABINET ARRIVES AT UNANIMOUS DECISION.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Paris.—It is announced that at a council presided over by M. Millerand, the Cabinet came to a unanimous agreement regarding the policy to be pursued with a view to the establishment of permanent peace in the Near East, but the exact measures decided upon have not yet been revealed.

"NO ENCOURAGEMENT TO GREEK MILITARY ENTERPRISES."

LONDON, Sept. 14.

In a sppech at Newcastle on Tyne the Home Secretary Mr. Shortt, denied Government had given encouragement to the Greeks in any military enterprise.

TURKS IN BERLIN.

ORDERED TO MAKE READY TO JOIN TURKISH ARMY.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Berlin.—The "Lokalanzeiger" reports that a number of Turkish residents of Berlin have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to return to Turkey to join the volunteer army.

GRECO-TURKISH PEACE.

TURKS TO RESPECT NEUTRAL ZONE

LONDON, Sept. 14.

PARIS 15th.—A semiofficial statement says M. Poincare is prepared to appoint a minister Plenipotentiary to represent France directly the terms of the proposed conference concerned with the achieving of Greco-Turkish peace are settled between the different interested Powers. Meantime, Government is of opinion that the Turks must respect the neutral zone and it reiterates that France remains faithful to the principle of the freedom of the Straits, with the sole reservation that Turkey's legitimate aspirations shall be safeguarded.

MORE BRITISH REGIMENTS FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Malta.—The Second Royal Sussex regiment has embarked on the transport "Somali" for Constantinople. They leave to-night. Twelve hundred troops also the families of soldiers serving in India where the "Somali" was originally proceeding have been disembarked and accomodated at the barracks and hotels. The First Gordons and other troops in Malta are standing by.

With the arrival of the Sussex regiment the British force at Constantinople will consist of six Infantry battalions, a brigade of field artillery and third Hussars.

AIR FORCE CONTINGENT TO GO TO CONSTANTINOPLE.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Malta.—It is understood that some thirty officers and men of the Royal Air Force with five seaplanes, have been ordered to Constantinople. The Aircraftship "Argus" is conveying this contingent.

FRANCO-BRITISH-ITALIAN CO-OPERATION.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Paris.—Replying to the British Note on the Straits situation, the French Government says that it has ordered the French High Commissioner in Constantinople to Co-operate with his British and Italian colleagues inadvising the Angora Government that the Allies expect the neutral zone to be respected.

The Note adds that this action does not prejudice the conditions of future peace.

CONFLAGRATION IN SMYRNA

GREEK AND ARMENIAN QUARTERS DESTROYED.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

A conflagration has occurred in Smyrna and the Greek and Armenian quarters have been destroyed.

Rome.—A message from Smyrna says that a terrible fire has broken out and the Greek and Armenian quarters have been destroyed. It is spreading to other areas. The inhabitants are panic stricken. Italian ships in port are endeavouring to embark members of the Italian Colony and the Italian Government is immediately despatching vessels with provisions and medical stores. It has also ordered concentration of Italian warships at Smyrna in order to shelter Italian residents.

14 AMERICANS MISSING

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Bristol.—The American Commissioner in Turkey, reports that fourteen naturalised Americans are missing in Smyrna. The Commander of the flotilla of destroyers has reported that the fire, which started on Wednesday afternoon in the American quarter, was still raging when his despatch was filed on Thursday afternoon.

Warships are crowded with refugees.

ALLEGED TURKISH REPRISALS.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Reuter learns that the Turks have commenced reprisals against the Armenians in Smyrna. The extent of the reprisals is unknown.

"KEMALIST EXCESSES."

UNAUTHENTICATED GREEKS' RUMOURS.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Direct communications from Smyrna are lacking, but alarmist reports of Kemalist excesses are beginning to arrive principally from Athens. One Greek journalist, who has just reached Piraeus, alleges, that the Greek and Armenian metropolitans have been murdered by the Kemalists, who separated men and women refugees sending the men to the village of Chili. It is further asserted that the Kemalists have murdered about two thousand soldiers throwing the bodies into the sea. It is said terrible panic prevails among swarms of Christian refugees. The story has not been hitherto confirmed by other sources.

PREMIER NOT LIKELY TO GO TO GENEVA.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

It is now stated that though Mr. Lloyd George is anxious to go to Geneva the serious situation in the Near East may compel him to remain in London.

KEMAL PASHA'S SUCCESSES.

CONGRATULATIONS FROM CONSTANTINOPLE CABINET.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

CONSTANTINOPLE.—The Cabinet has decided to send a message of congratulation to the Nationalist leader Kemal Pasha. The latter in the course of an army order appreciating the efforts of the troops to attain their first objective namely the Mediterranean, says he is convinced they will be animated by the same spirit of sacrifice in any new task, which would be assigned to them.

ANGLO-FRENCH FRIENDSHIP.

M. TARDIEU'S VIEWS.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Paris.—Replying to the criticisms of policy favouring the restoration of a spirit of solidarity among the Allies, M.

(Continued on next page.)

CURZON "KULTUR."

IGNORING KEMALIST ENVOY.

BELATED FOREIGN OFFICE DENIAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 14.

The Foreign Office replying to the letters in the "Morning Post" from a member of Parliament Col. Aubrey Herbert, denies that Fethy Bey, the Kemalist Minister of Interior was refused access to the Foreign Secretary, when he recently visited London. The Foreign Office statement says that Lord Curzon having just returned from the Continent and being still under medical treatment in the country sent a special message to Fethy Bey, asking him to go to the Foreign Office, where he had already been once received, and make a full statement of his case, for communication to the Foreign Secretary. This he did to the acting Permanent Under Secretary and the Assistant Under Secretary of the Eastern Department and he thanked Lord Curzon for the opportunity and the courtesy of his reception. The Foreign Office also denies that Yussuf Kemal Bey, Kemalist Foreign Minister was not received by Lord Curzon when he was on his peace mission in March. Yussuf Pasha had three prolonged interviews with Lord Curzon occupying some five hours.

[In connection with the foregoing explanation of the British Foreign Office, the following statement, which appeared in some of the London Papers about the time, will be found highly instructive, and we leave an unbiased public to form their own conclusion.—Ed. B. C.]

The statement runs thus:—

"Fethi Bey, a Turkish envoy, has been in London for 10 days.

It is said that the object of his visit is to place certain important proposals beore the British Government, on behalf of the ngora Government in which he is Minister of the Interior.

But for reasons best known to itself, the British Foreign Office does not take Fethi Bey seriously. Although his proposals are said to embody conditions likely to make for peace from Constantinople to Smyrna. —where for a long time there has been no peace—Fethi Bey has so far been unable to find anyone who will give him a hearing.

And so he is going home again, and people are wondering if another opportunity of finding a basis for peace in the East has been thrown away. Why is it that no official, qualified to discuss such matters, has had the courtesy to grant the envoy an interview?

COURTESY A LA CURZON.

"There is no ground for officially receiving Fethi Bey" explained a Foreign Office official to a "Daily Herald" representatives yesterday.

"He announced he was coming some weeks ago and a passport was granted him. But he made no mention of peace proposals or a political mission.

"When he came to the Foreign Office, Lord Curzon was away. But even if he had been in town at the time, I doubt if he would have received Fethi Bey.

"The British Government," went on the official, "is not in the habit of acting alone where peace proposals respecting Angora are concerned.

"For weeks past it has been in favour of having a peace conference, at which the Angora delegates would have an opportunity of bringing forward their proposals in an open way, before all the Allies.

"I think you can assume," the official concluded, "that this gentleman hasn't any proposals of great importance. If he had, he would urge his Government to meet the Allies and to lay the proposals upon the table before them."

Great Britain's policy, it was stated yesterday, will be pursued in conjunction with the Allies, and under no circumstances will the Government attempt any Turkish settlement without consultation with them.

In other words. Great Britain cannot grasp at an olive branch, because her hands are tied to other Powers."

IRISH SITUATION.

RECRUDESCENCE OF TROUBLE IN DUBLIN

STREET FIGHTING IN HOTEL AREA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 14.

From midnight last night till early this morning volleys of rifle and machine gun fire and the bursting of grenades disturbed a wide area in Dublin. The national posts at the Telephone exchange the Four Courts and the hotel centres were subject to incessant attacks lasting half an hour at a time. Armoured cars patrolling the central streets were tragets for snipers and bombs were thrown. Fire was opened on troops in the vicinity of Harcourt Street at six in the morning by men concealed in a shrubbery St. Stephen's Green. The fire was returned and a number of assailants were captured. Three civilians were wounded.

KENMARE RECAPTURED BY FREE STATE TROOPS.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Kenmare has been recaptured by reinforced Free State troops. Many Irregulars were taken prisoner.

IRISH CIVIL WAR PRISONERS.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

The Home Minister announced in the Dail Eireann that approximately five thousand prisoners interned in South Ireland were arrested during the present civil war.

ELECTRIFICATION OF BOMBAY SUB-URBAN LINES.

TENDERS INVITED IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

The Railway Gazette states that tenders for the necessary plant will be called for at an early date for the electrification of a large portion of the Bombay suburban lines of the G. I. P. Railway. It is estimated that the total expenditure will be two million sterling, excluding the electrification of the ghats lines, which will probably be carried out subsequently.

FAILURE OF JOHN TAYLOR & SONS.

ATTRIBUTED TO REPUDIATION OF INDIAN CONTRACTS.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Two Indian banks are among the largest creditors of Messrs. John Taylor and Sons of Manchester, who attribute their failure to Indian customers repudiating contracts. The liabilities are expected to rank at £ 2,53,000 sterling and the assets at £ 8,000 sterling. An application for voluntary winding up will be made.

CABLE ITEMS.

The Howe Bridge Cotton Spinning Company of Atherton has acquired two mills at Bolton of John Harwood and Son.

A Disaster was averted by the timely discovery of four live bombs in an old cap on the footpath at Peckham on 14th afternoon. There were many children playing in the vicinity. At present the affair is a mystery.

Geneva.—The political Sub-commission of the League of Nations has decided to report favourably on the request of Hungary for admission to the League.

The new Elderman ten thousand ton liner the "City of Nagpur" has completed her trials in Belfast Lough. She is destined for service to India.

Shanghai.—The Tariff Revision Committee denies the abolition of the Likin tax, which was mentioned yesterday.

Montreal.—Mr. Macaroa, general manager of the defunct Merchants' Bank has been acquitted on the charge of signing a false return as to the bank's condition.

TURKISH VICTORIES.

INDIANS, DO YOUR DUTY.

REMEMBER SUNDAY, 17TH SEPTEMBER 1922.

CELEBRATE THE DAY OF NATIONAL REJOICING.

"WHAT I SAW."

"INHUMAN TREATMENT OF AKALIS."

"HEART-RENDING SIGHT" AT GURU-KA-BAGH

HAKIM AJMAL KHAN ON SIKH STRUGGLE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Sept. 15.

I a letter to the Press under the heading "What I saw at Guru-ka-Bagh, detailing the Akali unrest, Hakim Ajmal Khan says:—

"I reached Amritsar on the morning of the tenth September to see with my own eyes the state of affairs obtaining at Guru-ka-Bagh as also the unparalleled monument of Satyagraha initiated by the Akalis. I went to Guru-ka-Bagh the same evening. Whatever I saw there would be read by our coming generation as a chapter of memorable events in the history of India. The new arrangements made by the executive officers of Amritsar are the putting up of barbed wire entanglements in a way so as to leave but one passage to the two temples and fencing of the two temples all round as also the barring of all passages leading to the trees. Along with this and in addition to the police force a small party of military has also been secured. The police force and military consist of mainly Shahapur Muslims and Gurkhas. In the beginning the parties of the Akalis starting from Amritsar for Guru-ka-Bagh were stopped on the way and as readers of newspapers are aware were given a beating till injuries or wounds inflicted rendered them unconscious. But from a day previous to my reaching Amritsar the police abandoned the practice of stopping these parties on the way but allowed them to proceed to the temple. On the 10th of September I witnessed a party of 100 Akalis well-organised marching in fours entering the temple premises. Moulana Kifayatullah, President of the Jamatul-Ulma-Hind and Pearey Lal Sharma, Secretary, Provincial Congress Committee, Delhi were with me. When we were at a distance of about a mile from Guru-ka-Bagh a small party of Akalis informed us that they were taking provisions for the Akalis inside the temple premises where they were prevented from premises where mises and a part of their provisions were forcibly taken by the police.

IN THE TEMPLE PREMISES.

We all entered the temple premises and the first thing we were told by some of Akalis inside the premises was that just before our arrival Mr. Beatty, District Superintendent of Police, Amritsar, gave a beating to one of their comrades who was addressing a *dewan* (religious congregation), snatched a drum and a pair of symbols and threw these things as also a few shoes in the adjoining sacred tank. Listening to this surprising story we reached a spot which we were told was the spot where the last funeral rites of the burning dead body of an old Sikh were recently performed who along with his son, was given a fatal beating by some Gurkhas for the mere fault of his expressing his ignorance as to the persons who were carrying some provisions. After having listened to this painful incident we walked to a few places of interest close by and on our return we were given seats on a high position so that we may easily be able to witness this unique practice of Satyagraha. It was about 5 p.m., when a party of four Akalis passed just in front of us proceeding to Guru-ka-Bagh to cut trees. The party had gone to a very short distance when they were stopped by Mr. Beatty, Police Superintendent, and a small party of policemen all armed with regulation lathis. We were noticing that four Akalis were advancing with calm fortitude and courage but as soon as they came quite close to the police party they were pushed back and thrown down and when they got up and moved forward they were pushed back and thrown down again by Mr. Beatty and his soldiers. Just a few minutes after, lathis were freely used and they were beaten in such a way that they became unconscious. In this condition they were removed from the field and were handed over to their Akali comrades. After this first party two other parties came one after the other and they were all generally beaten by lathis so much so that blood was noticed flowing from the heads of some Akalis. We, also, noticed that after these brave Akalis were thrown down on the ground the assaulters kicked them with all their might. We, also, noticed that in one case that an Akali was strangulated and thrown down on the ground. Those who saw all these with their own eyes can alone form a correct opinion about this strange sight. On one side there were men who in spite of injuries and wounds they received would not raise their hands and when thrown down would stand up and proceed again towards those very hands which had inflicted just then severe injuries and wounds upon them and as soon as they came close enough were meted out the same shameful and inhuman treatment and this continued till the assaulted Akalis became quite unconscious. And on the other side, there were also men who in their pride of rule and weapons were entirely separated from justice and humanity. We were quite amazed as to why "lathis" were used and wounds inflicted on a party of four human beings avoiding all violence and who could easily be prevented from entering the garden without having recourse to any beating. If a question were put to these responsible officers of Government I cannot say what reply they can possibly have to give. Truly, there is no earthly power in this land to demand an explanation from these officers for their open atrocities. But God who is more powerful and higher than all powers is witnessing all these and he alone is the true helper of the humble and the persecuted. We witnessed this heartrending scene for about three-quarters of an hour and when we came out of the temple premises to proceed to Amritsar a police officer showed a warrant to Swami Shradanandji, who came with us from Delhi and asked him to give bail or accompany him. The Swamiji naturally refused to give bail and was, therefore, taken to Amritsar under police custody. The above is a brief *resume* of al the painful facts we witnessed with our own eyes but there was one thing besides I want to mention.

TREATMENT OF THE INJURED.

The arrangements made by the Gurudwara Prabhandak Committee are simply excellent. All comforts are provided for the wounded in temporary hospitals opened in the Akali garden. Doctors and volunteers are doing their duty with genuine zeal. All the injuries inflicted as also the nature of injuries are entered in separate books provided for each wounded and regular registers are maintained of these injuries.

I cannot omit to mention the praiseworthy services rendered by Akali sisters to their wounded brothers. They have left their hearths and homes and are engaged in doing their national duty heartily and zealously. They are presenting an example for the guidance of their other sisters and if their example is followed it can be predicted with certainty that India would move onward successfully in her political struggle. These incidents and bravery and steadfastness of Akalis in their struggle should inspire feelings of a genuine delight in the heart of a nationalist. I hope that my brother countrymen who have got a national sympathy with the Akalis would take up a pilgrimage to Amritsar and witness these incidents with their own eyes.

(Sd.) AJMAL KHAN.

"MOUNTAIN OF A MOLEHILL."

GOVT. INTERFERENCE INJUSTIFABLE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Sept. 15.

Hakim Ajmal Khan in an interview with the Associated Press declared that it was his most clear and definite opinion that in order to maintain law and order at Guru-ka-Bagh Government should immediately withdraw all their forces from the scene and should entirely put an end to all interference in a religious and civil disputes such as the present one. He asserted that the statement made by the Government in the Legislative Assembly on the Guru-ka-Bagh affair showed that the dispute was a civil one and executive officers had no right to interfere in that. The Mahant should bring in a civil action if he felt that his rights were usurped. As far as he could see he considered that the Akali Sikhs would never yield as they were staunch believers in their religious rights and the situation must continue until the Government reverted to a policy of conciliation.

At the present juncture the Hakim Sahib stated that the Akalis did not like that people of other communities should join them in their struggle but when Akalis favoured the idea they would surely attract sympathy and he feared that a number of people of other communities might readily join their ranks. He expressed the opinion that the Government had made a mountain of a mole hill by their interference.

"SET RIGHT HINDU-MOSLEM RELATIONS."

HAKIM SAHEB'S APPEAL TO PUNJAB

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Sept. 15.

Hakim Ajmal Khan has issued the following message to the people of the Punjab:—

"My brothers of the Punjab:—The province of the Punjab has an importance all its own. It needs no repetition here. This the province which has been attracting the longing look of every well-wisher of the nation and Motherland. But with a painful heart I have to confess that during the last few months the Hindu-Moslem unity in that province is not of that order which might be considered satisfactory by the nationalist party. I have been watching with considerable sorrow that the dear province of the Punjab is marching backwards so far as this question of unity is concerned and whereas the inhabitants of other province are coming closer to one another, the Muslims and Hindus of the Punjab are receding from each other. At a critical time like the present I would not only appeal to the Khilafat and the Congress workers but would also appeal to the responsible Muslims and Hindus that they may correctly take a careful note of the delicate times and use their strong arms and patriotic hearts to remove this strain of feelings which unfortunately is so much visible in the Punjab. Will it gladden responsible Hindu and Muslim Punjabis to know that the united strength of the country receives the heaviest blow and most vital questions of Swarajya, and Khilafat are given up to be destroyed by internal

(Continued on next Page.)

THE MULTAN TRAGEDY.

NEED OF ENQUIRY.

(By AN EYE-WITNESS.)

I have had an opportunity, to visit Mooltan immediately after the last Sunday's Moharrum Riots. I visited the scenes of wanton destruction and heard from first hand sources, both Hindu and Mussalman, the tales of arson, butchery and loot, as well as the reasons which led to the outbreaking. The two versions (Hindu and Mussalman) are quite conflicting. Still there is something in common—something that signifies of the working of the "Hidden-hand" in this tragic episode. In view of the paucity of information from the official and semi-official agencies it appears to me that I should acquaint your readers with what I saw and heard during my very brief stay at Mooltan. They will then be able to judge whether or not there is need of an impartial and sifting enquiry and the doubtful part played by the local officials in the *melee*.

It was on last Monday morning—that is immediately the day following the riots—that I heard of the riots. I was near Mooltan, so I decided to go and see things for my own benefit and the benefit of the Press. I had some difficulty at the station in being allowed to visit the City as the town was said to be under strong patrol of the military, but I succeeded in reaching it. As I approached the main *chowk* of the town, a ghastly picture presented itself to me— smashed buildings, broken and burnt shops, pools of blood, in short it seemed like a pile of wreck and ruin. The bazars and streets were mostly deserted and the military patrolled the town. Still I was able to come across some Hindus and one Mahomedan from whom I made enquiries. The Hindus contended that while a *tazia* was being carried through the Hindu quarter near Machhihut Street, its hood or top got entanbled in a telephone wire near a crossing and fell down. Some Mahomedan fanatics suspecting foul play on the part of Hindus who were watching the procession from their house tops raised the cry, "Kill the Kafirs," and at once the cry spread like wild fire. Parties of Mahomedans spread in the Hindu Mohallas, after which a melee took place between parties of Hindus and Mahomedans in which many hundreds are said to have been wounded or killed. This state of affairs is said to have lasted for many hours from 12 noon till late in the evening.

MAHOMEDAN VERSION.

My Mahomedan informant, however, asserted that the *tazia* got smashed with a brick-bat thrown from the top of one of the Hindu houses; and that the Mahomedans were attacked and assaulted before they opened attack. When I suggested it might have been a foolish, unthinking child he could not contend otherwise, but urged that most of the excited Mahomedans came from the suburbs of Multan. He admitted the butchery but added that casualties were inflicted on both sides. I had no means in the small interval of time left me to ascertain the truth and the causes which led to the outbreak. It is too early to assert the exact causes of the outbreak but the immediate cause probably seems to be that one of the many children assembled on the house tops to see the *tamasha* had indulged in trowing something at the *tazia* resulting in exciting the religious fanaticism of the Mahomedan mobs who accompanied the procession and most of whom seems to have come from the suburbs.

THE OFFICIAL PART.

It is still too early to pass any verdict on the sad episode, and judge how far the local official, responsible for the maintenance of harmony, peace and order, specially on the occasions of such festivities, discharged their heavy responsibility and onerous duty. But the following information acquired in conversation with my above informants as well as some other respectable Hindu and Mahomedan gentlemen of Multan, who later travelled with me in the same train, may be taken for what it is worth.

The population of Multan is half to half Hindu and Mahomedan. For the last four years these two communities have been living on terms of perfect amity and friendliness and no religious disturbances have taken place in Hindu or Mahomedan festivals during that period, although some small disturbances used to occur previous to that. In fact last year Multan witnesed enthusiastic scenes of Hindu-Muslim fraternisation when Mahomedans entertained the Hindus on the Ramlila festival and the Hindus entered the Mussalmans with *sharbat* on the occasion of the last Moharrum. These things however, are said to have their reaction on the local officials. And recently the tendency in some of them was in evidence of favouring Mahomedans against Hindus. It is said some mischiefmongers were set up for this purpose who had gone about arousing religious bitterness and these are said to have fanned the flames at the time of the *tazia* incident. I have myself witnessed such attempts being made or connived at by some officials in the province of Sind of late, specially on the occasion of the Moharrum festival in places where Hindus and Mussalmans have lived on terms of perfect friendship and cordiality for generations past. But there has lately been in evidence the danger of the disturbance of these sweet relations as a result of some Mussalmans being allowed to take the law in their own hands against the Hindus and even the Khilafatists of their own community. For instance, in the town of Hyderabad (Sindh) I saw with my own eyes some Mahomedan hoolingans, apparently inspired, belabouring Hindu wearers of Gandhi caps mercilessly when passing in *tabut* processions, and robbing them of their caps in broad-day light. In another instance, some Mussalmans went and pulled down a wall built by the Municipality to protect Hindu families living near the prostitute quarter from night-visitors; a conflict between Hindus and Musalmans was imminent but not finger was moved by the authorities to prevent this lawlessness against the Municipality and the Hindus.

WHERE WAS THE POLICE?

But to revert to the Multan episode, I asked my informants; "where was the Police and what were the Civil heads of the administration doing all the day the town was a scene of carnage and pillage." I did not receive any satisfactory answer or explanation, but, on the contrary, was told a number of things which reflect on the authorities concerned, and, if true, show not only their failure of duty, but culpable and deliberate neglect. We must also remember that Multan is a big military station and within a few minutes or at most an hour of the outbreak the situation could have been well brought within control. The Punjab monument's recent communique that no Government property has been damaged and that the riots had no political significance makes one all the more suspicious. Surely that could be no excuse or apology for their not having recourse to *effective* means to bring the situation under immediate control.

A CASE FOR ENQUIRY.

Without passing any verdict on the conduct of any of the three parties concerned the Hindus, the Mussalmans and the local law officers of the Crown stationed in the town for the maintenance of peace and order. I believe the tragic events as unfolded here by firsthand information make out a clear case for a thorough, impartial and sifting enquiry into the whole episode, in which no time should be lost. In my opinion the Congress should hold its own enquiry to ascertain true causes of the outbreak with a view to prevent its repetition. Assuming the working of the "Hidden Hand"—that cannot be a justification for such widespread and bloody riotings which has already soiled the fair name of the Congress and exposed Hindu Muslim Unity to the ridicule and jeer of its opponents.

The Government, on the other hand, for the sake of its own reputation, and allaying popular fears and suspicious must hold a thorough enquiry into the conduct of the local official with the help of such non-official agency as is prepared to co-operate with it and ascertain how far their conduct is blameworthy in this tragic episode.

TURKISH PEACE PROBLEM.

(Continued from previous page.)

Tardieu ex-minister, writing in the "Echo National" says "Our royalists of 1922 are blind to the lessons of twenty years' history, forgetting that from 1914 to 1920 the Entente, observed with reciprocal dignity, was to the mutual advantage of both France and England. They now wish to throw it overboard. National sentiment and experience demand that in any alteration of methods and personnel the honourable and loyal character of Franco-British friendship shall be re-established. Rupture with London will mean sooner or later the dawn of alliance with Berlin which will tend within twenty years or so to become a protectorate in which France will not be the protector. The Choice has to be made between Franco-British and Franco-German policy. For the greatness and dignity of France our choice is made."

"CONDITIONAL LOYALTY" OF INDIAN MUSLIMS.

MR. SASTRI'S MONTREAL SPEECH CRITICISED.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Sir Michael O'Dwyer in the "Daily Telegraph" take exception to the reported statement of Mr. Sastri in his speech at the Canadian Club in Montreal to the effect, that Indian Mahomedans in 1918 only decided to respond to the call to fight on the assurance that Turkey would be treated magnanimously after the war. Sir M. O'Dwyer points out that a large majority of Indian Moslem combatants came forward before Mr. Lloyd George's speech in 1918, indicating the terms Turkey might secure if she then made peace. He declares it is an insult to Moslem sentiment to attribute to the brave Mahomedan fighters recruited in 1918 the "conditional loyalty" which characterised many Indian politicians in wartime, and he emphasises that Mahomedan recruits showed no hesitation when told they would have to fight the Turks and Germans. Sir M. O'Dwyer agrees that the views expressed by the more enlightened Mahomedans after the armistice regarding the Turkish peace were quite reasonable, but he submits they by no means support Mr. Sastri's assertions or claim for the restoration of full Turkish sovereignty over Constantinople, Arrianople and Thrace.

A public meeting of the citizens of Allahabad was held on the evening of 15th instant under the presidentship of Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer to congratulate the Turks on their recent victories and to express sympathy with Akalis.

AIR FORCE FOR MESOPOTAMIA.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Hundred Officers and thousand men embarked at Southampton to-day for Mesopotamia under the scheme for substituting a force of armoured cars and aeroplanes for the troops at present policing the country. The actual number of pilots sailing was about fifty. An aircraft ship followed the transport down Southampton Water.

ACCIDENT TO S.S "BRITISH ROSE."

LONDON, Sept. 14.

SUEZ.—The steamer 'British Rose' for Swansea has arrived with leakage in number one oiltank. The Canal Company insists upon the discharge of this tank before the vessel enters the canal. The Anglo-Persian Company, the owners of the oil estimate the value of number one tank at ten-thousand sterling.

"WHAT I SAW."

(Continued from previous page.)

dissension. I assure my Punjabi brothers that if they do not set right the present state of affairs in their province as soon as possible, it will have such a baneful effect on the rest of the country as it would not be possible to remove for years to come, and our opponents would get an opportunity to make merry at our stupidity. Is it not a matter of very great sorrow that in an ancient and historical town of the Punjab these strained relations have so manifested themselves as a number of the places of worship of our Hindu brethern have been set on fire. In addition to the injuries caused and the loss of life, considerable property has either been looted or burnt. These shameful and inhuman deeds are such a blot not only on the fair names of Multan and the Punjab but of United India and demands our immediate attention especialy of the responsible persons of the province. This is our supreme duty at this moment. I am confident that my Hindu and Muslim friends of the Punjab would not hestitate to devote their immediate and full attention to this most vital question.

APPEAL TO PRESS.

In the end I make an earnest appeal to the press of the province. I know the importance of the press and I quite understand their responsible duties. I only wish to invite their attention to one thing and it is that the general tone of the Punjab vernacular press in 1922 appears to be much lower than what it was in 1920—21. I apprehend that the Punjab press is consciously or unconsciously reverting to the policy which it discarded sometime ago as being objectionable and detrimental to the best interests of the country. The newspapers of the Pujab, as would appear from day to day, do not give that much attention to the question of national importance, e.g., questions of Swarajya and Khilafat, as they give to useless mutual recriminations and faultfinding. I assure the proprietors and editors of the papers that it is not my intention to injure their feelings but I feel that the Punjab press, stronger than the press of other provinces, is not doing its duty and I would appeal to it to make a careful note of the critical times through which the country is passing just now and to make a bold effort to improve its present tone and at once restore itself to high standard of true nationalism and patriotism.

MOVING AND PATHEFIC SIGHT.

MR. ANDREWS ON AKALIS' SUFFERINGS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 15.

Interviewed for the Press Mr. Andrews who has been assidnously sudying the situation said that certain actions that he saw were in his opinion both brutal and inhuman. He had expressed this opinion to the Deputy Commissioner, Commissioner, the Governor and Sir John Maynard and Mr. S. B. Sundersingh. As regards the nature of the injuries Mr. Andrews for the present contented himself with saying that some of the wounds he saw were very serious and the pain in certain cases was excruciating. He had been to the hospital many times and had seen some patients still only half conscious. Long time after the beating he saw a man on Thursday morning in such pain that he felt inclined to ask the doctor if the man might not be given a sleeping draught. This wound of his was already, if Mr. Andrews remembered rightly, six days' old. He had seen the man before three or four times and every time he had noticed the man's agony.

Asked his opinion regarding the propriety of continuing such treatment, Mr. Andrews said he had openly stated that everyday on which this treatment was kept up appeared to him to be nothing less than a day of moral defeat to the Government and he had urged with all the strength he possibly could, that it should be stopped immediately. He had a great hope that it would cease at once with the Governor's visit and he confessed it was a terrible disappointment to be in when he was in the hospital in the afternoon of that visit to see one lorry after another coming in loaded with freshly wounded men. It gave him a very great shock as he had fully expected that this inhuman treatment to which he had so vehemently and persistently objected were at last ended. He was still hoping against hope that today there might be no such scene as he saw yesterday. He could imagine noting that would be more likely to destroy the confidence in Government among the common people than the daily repetition of such scenes.

Asked if the force he had seen used at Guru-ka-Bagh on Tuesday was in his opinion minimum force, Mr. Andrews replied emphatically in the negative. Mr. Andrews asked as to what he thought of the manner in which the Akalis received the blows said it was to him one of the most moving and pathetic sights he had ever seen in his life. The triumph of non-violence was so compete. The attitude of those whom he saw being beaten was throughout one of prayer. It was to them a real martyroom and they felt it to be such. He added that he was not using the word martyrdom lightly.

He attributed it to their religion from first to last. They had only thought in their minds, namely, the thouhgt of God. He had seen so clearly that he could not be mistaken about it that the whole act was regarded by each one of them as an act of sacrifice to God.

PUNJAB GOVERNOR'S VISIT TO GURU-KA-BAGH.

FINDS NO TIME TO VISIT THE WOUNDED!

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 14.

Sir Edward Maclagan, Governor of the Punjab, accompanied by his Executive Councillors, Sir John Maynard and Sardar Sundersingh Majithia, arrived at Amritsar on the morning of Wednesday, September 13th. They motored down to Guru-ka-Bagh police camp and had a look at the land where the the "kikar" trees stood. Later in the day the Governor gave interviews to 8 or 9 gentlemen, mostly unconnected with the Shiromani Gurudwara Prabandhak Committee and including two "Granthis" of the Golden Temple, who, it is understood had been asked to meet the Governor. Mr. C. F. Andrews also had a lengthy interview with the Governor.

No official statement has yet been issued as to the visit or the nature of the subject of these interviews. It is undestood, however, that the subject uppermost in the public mind was not entirely neglected and that the legal side of the questions attisue, the methods adopted by police to deal with the Akalis and the nature of the beating, were brought to the notice of the Governor and the Executive Members. Of course, it was not within the bounds of possibility for personages of their high position in the official ladder to witness the actual beating, which it has been the lot of hundreds in unofficial capacities, including distinguished Indian leaders like Pandit Malaviya, Professor Ruchiram and others members of the several Legislative Bodies and men in humbler sphere, to see with their own eyes, but is is, indeed, a pity tha time could not be found for the other alternative that was open, viz, a visit to the wounded hospital of the Shiromani Gurudwara Committee, which would have given the Governor and Sir John Maynard, Member in charge of the Portfolio of Police, sufficient to think of as to the nature of the popular feelings aroused by the events of the last fortnight.

The Governor and party left last night after coming, it is to be feared, not in much closer contact with the realities of the situation that they were when they arrived in the morning as disclosed by the statement in the Legislative Assembly. Apparently there is not much hope of any material change for the better in the situation as the result of this visit, for as evening came the indefatigable Mr. Andrews was able to witness among the patients brought from Guru-ka-Bagh several cases of serious hammering on the face and tender parts..

ALLEGED DIS COURTESY TO PT MALAVIYA.

MR. DUNNETS' EXPLANATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 14.

Mr. Dunnet, District Magistrate, Amritsar, has sent a letter to the "Tribune" regarding his alleged discourteous behaviour towards Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya in the course of which he says, that he was acting in the execution of his duty and could not be interrupted by Pandit Malaviya, who attempted to engage him in argument, whereupon he (Mr. Dunnet) instructed the Superintendent of Police to have him (the Pandit) removed and he returned to supervision of the action of the police. He, however, regrets that duty compelled him to refuse his attention to Pandit Malaviya, whom he had no wish to treat with anything but respect and courtesy.

NEW OFFICIAL MOVE.

AKALIS BEING ARRESTED INSTEAD OF BEING BEATEN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 14.

To-day a Jatha of four Akalis starting from Guru Arjun Dev shrine at Guru-ka-Gagh proceeded to the garden. As soon as they passed through into the garden ground they were all arrested. It is reported that beating has been definitely stopped.

LATER.

After the arrest of the first batch of four Akalis at Guru-ka-Bagh this evening, two mere batches of four each proceeded to the garden and were arrested. The total arrests thus number twelve.

SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says that the market has been quiet and the movements in prices narrow. India has again figured as a buyer with China as a source of supply. Business, however, was not on a large scale as buying orders were limited as regards price and the sellers seemed willing only to supply the market at a rise. After return to level prices, cash silver has been again at a premium over forward delivery owing to bazaar orders or prompt shipment. Supplies from the continent have been on a small scale. The trend of American exchange has not been conducive to offerings from that quarter.

FERGUSON COLLEGE TILAK BUST.

CONTRIBUTORS' OPINIONS INVITED.

In the course of a letter to the contributors of the Lok. Tilak Memorial Fund (raised by the students of the D. E. Society's Institutions) the members of the Executive Committee write: "It was thought that there would be no disagreement regarding the suitability of a site in the open. Unfortunately a divergence of views exists between the College authorities and the contributors in this matter. The college authorities hold that the College library is the only suitable site for the bust. We thought that the fountain would have been a far more desirable site and we have put our views very strongly before Prin. Kanitkar. He, howewver, told us that the decision of the board may be viewed upon as final.

Under these circumstances we are of opinion that the College library should be accepted as the site for the bust if we are to have any memorial in the college precincts at all Though a site near the fountain would have been more conspicuous it cannot be said that the library is an obscure place.

Since we know that there are some contributors who think otherwise we hereby invite them to communicate their views in writing by the 15th of October to Prof. P. M. Limaye, Willingdon College, Sangli.

PROPOSED INCREASE IN RENTS.

(Continued from page 7.)

ment suits filed in the courts. It was just possible that they would be reduced to such a condition. In England such a thing had come to pass and the judges of the Courts wrote to the Government to take immediate steps in the matter. The Act should be extended at least by a period of five years. Two years ago the Hon. Mr. P. C. Sethna had brought in a bill of that nature as a result of which a Committee was appointed by Government without consulting anybody in the matter. The landlords were represented on that Committee and the speaker was simply struck by the way in which it carried on its work. The committee carried on its work in a Bibi-like (purdah) fashion. They did not know what was done by the committee and they would be surprised to hear that the report of the Committee was the same as the bill. The Committee suggested 25 per cent increase in the rent, while the Government now put on an increase of 33 per cent. He said that it was oppressive to bring forward such a bill at this stage. The Government had done practically nothing as regards housing accommodation for the poor in Bombay. Instead of improving the condition of the people of Bombay the Improvement Trust had pulled down something like eighteen houses with a view to give facilities to the *bukhasahibs* to pass along the widened roads.

Concluding he said that it was suggested that the prices of building materials had gone up considerably, but the speaker said that on the contrary they had gone down by fifty per cent. He had statistics to prove that. It was the duty of the people to raise strong protests against the bill. (Continued appaluse)

Mr. K. F. Nariman seconding the resolution said that the Government intended to create a sort of class-opposition by bringing forward such a bill at this juncture. He did not want to get into the intricacies of the matter. He did not want to abuse the landlords, but he wanted to make an appeal to them that they should rise to the occasion and say to Government that they were not wolves and would not tyrannise the tenants. Finally he asked the audience to appeal to their landlords, instead of appealing to the Government, to be generous towards them. (Cheers.)

Mr. F. Ginwalla supporting the resolution said there was no justification for the Government to bring forward such a bill at this juncture. His opinion was that until they reached the normal state of affairs it was premature to bring forward such a bill. (Cheers)

Mr. T. A. Kulkarni said it was certainly a strange thing that the Government had failed to publish the report of the Committee referred to by Mr. Paymaster, He would like to tell them that he was a matter of the Committee and he had not received the report of it. It would be most wicked to pass such a bill now.

Mr. Baptista in putting the resolution to the vote said that rents in London were less than those in Bombay.

A vote of thanks proposed by Mr. Trivedi, brought the meeting to a close.

ANOTHER PROTEST AGAINST RENT ACTS BILL.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League a meeting was held at the Servants of India Society's Hall on Friday night to protest against the proposed amendment to the Rent Act, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta presiding.

Mr. Jamnadas asked whether 12 lakhs of people were to suffer for the sake of a few landlords. Mr. Motiwala, who moved the resolution, said to a rich man an increase of Rs. 50 to 100 did not matter much, but to a poor man it made a good deel of difference.

The resolution, which was duly seconded and supported, asking the Government to extend the operation of the existing Rent Acts, "for a further period of five years from 1st Sept. 1923." was then passed.

Full report of the proceedings will appear in a later issue.

THEATRE AND CINEMA.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.—The coming week will be another notable one at the Excelsior Theatre. During the week-end the Robert Courtneidge and W. E. Holloway, London Dramatic Company, which during the past week has delighted Bombay with its magnificent presentations of the latest London successes not hitherto seen out here, will bring their short but brilliant visit to a close. The play to be staged to-night is "Bull Dog Drummond," a stirring and exciting play full of humour, direct from Wyndhams Theatre, London, where it has been all the rage for the last two seasons. The same play will also be given at a special reduced price on Sunday evening. The final performance of the present visit will be given on Monday night. It has been arranged to present "The Faithful Heart" described by the London press as "The most appealing play of the age."

The London Dramatic Company will be succeeded at the Excelsior Theatre on Wednesday the 20th inst. by one of the greatest film dramas of the age. This magnificent superpicture which is entitled "Man, Woman, Marriage" will run for over a week. It illustrates in striking fashion, the progress of womanhood throughout the ages, and shows how the sex struggles of woman to-day are linked with those of the woman of bygone days. The first of the series of splendid scenes, depicts the woman as the fierce mate of the cave-man, and then as a gorgeous Amazon of a little later date. She is then shown as a tearful slave girl amidst the barbaric beauties of pagan courts, and as the helpless bride of mediaeval days. Finally the film presents her as a present-day mother still fighting the battle of her sex. The magnificent setting, the thrilling scenes, the thousands of men, horses, pagan dancers and barbaric beauties, make one of the most fascinating and alluring pictures ever presented to the public. It will be shown twice daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

During the week-end, while the London Company is performing at the theatre, the usual cinema matinee programme will be given. The principal attraction is an adventurous comedy drama entitled "A Million a Minute."

* * * *

EMPIRE THEATRE.—The special attraction at the Empire Theatre this week is a splendid problem picture entitled "Enlighten thy Daughter," which deals in an original way with the great problems confronting every girl. It also teaches a great moral lesson. The careers of two girls are contrasted. Both are brought up in loving homes, but the fatal mistake of false modesty applied to the training of one, leads to disaster. The pictura should be seen by all interested in social problems. The usual Pathe Gazette and topical films will also be shown.

* * * *

THE EMPRESS THEATRE.—A very fine picture entitled "Leila Majnu," by the Madan Theatres Ltd., will be be shown during the week at the Empress Theatre. This dramatic and moving tale depicts the poignant love story of Leila and Majnu, the Romeo and Juliet of Eastern literature. Although the two love each other passionately, they are fated to belong to two different tribes hostile to each other. Majnu's advances are rejected by Leila's father, and the girl is forcibly married to another nobleman. She pines away and dies, and the disconsolate Majnu, after undergoing terrible anguish, soon follows her to the grave. The picures closes in happy style with the lovers united in eternity.

U. S. RAILWAY STRIKE

A PARTIAL SETTLEMENT

NO ALTERATION IN WAGES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Chicago.—The railway strike settlement provides that the men shall return to work on the same wages and in the same positions as were held when they ceased work. The question of the relative standing of old and new men will be referred to a board comprised of equal numbers of railway officials and members of the Union. The agreement provides that within a month the railroads shall find positions for the strikers, who did not commit acts of violence. The list of railways actually involved has not been published. It is believed that none have yet signed the pact and it is stated that the strike will be continued on those railways not signing, though it is hoped, that all companies will eventually come to an agreement. The men stand to lose approximately fifty million dollars yearly through the cut which became effective on the day of the strike and was advanced as one reason for striking. Preparations for ordering men to return have begun and it is stated that upwards of fifty railroads are accepting the agreement. Others may adhere to it if they desire.

IF GERMANY DEFAULTS—?

LONDON, Sept. 14.

An inspired statement is published pointing out that the period of grace to Germany in respect of the payment of the hundred-million gold marks representing the sums due in August and September, expires tonight. The statement declares Germany is able to meet the payment, but if it is not fulfilled Belgium, to whom the money is payable, will not fail to notify the Reparations Commission, which will then proclaim Germany's default and the Allies will have to consider the necessary measures to be adopted.

EFFORTS AT REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS.

RECOMMENDATION TO REVERT TO 1913 MILITARY EXPENDITURE.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

GENEVA.—The Disarmament Commission has instructed the temporary disahmament Commission to proceed to investigations with a view to the submission of a definite plan for the reduction of land forces to the next Assembly of the League. The Commission on the motion of the French delegate M. Jouvenel passed a resolution hoping, that as a preliminary measure the European States which are existing as before the war and are not engaged in military operations will reduce their total military, naval and aerial expenditure to the figures of 1913, the pre-war prices being taken as the basis of calculation.

ALLEGED SMUGGLING OF LIQUOR.

A SCHOONER CAPTURED BY U. S. AUTHORITIES.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

New York.—A two masted schooner, allegedly British registered, has been seized off Scotland Light and brought to port by a naval vessel engaged on prohibition duty. The boat had aboard hundred cases of liquor and 56,000 dollars in gold. The master declared his ship was 23 miles off the shore when he was stopped and denies he was engaged in liquor smuggling on American shores.

REPARATIONS TREASURY BILLS.

LONDON, Sept. 14.

Berlin.—It is reported that Government are sending the Governor of the Reichsbank to negotiate with the Bank of England regarding guarantees for the reparations Treasury Bills.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 15.

The monsoon has been active in the North-west of India and in conjunction with the western disturbances has extended to the frontier. Rainfall has been nearly general in Burma, Orissa, the Punjab, Kashmir, west of Rajputana, the Central India west, the Central Provinces, Konkan, Malabar, north of Hyderabad and local in Bengal, west of the United Provinces, North-west of the Frontier Provinces, east of Rajputana, Mysore and north of Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in Behar, Gujarat and Bombay Deccan.

The chief amounts are:—Minbu one inch, Yamothin two, Narayanganj three Balasore one, Cuttack one and half, Mussoree and Rawalpindi three, Lahore and Montgomery one, Dalhousie one and a half, Murree two, Srinagar and Sonamarg three quarters, Peshawar a half, Cherat three, Bikaner, Jodhpur, Kotah and Jubbulpore one, Aurangabad one and a half, Mercara, Mangalore, Cochin and Cocanada one.

Forecast:—Decrease in the Punjab and extension in Gujarat and the Central India.

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THE FISCAL COMMISSION'

(Continued from Page 7)

of economy in the government of one country by another of imperialistic tendencies, but which can have no possible counterpart in the realities of life in a country like this. With an average income per head of less than fifty rupees per annum, how can we possibly assume the existence of any considerable idle class of consumers only? Every consumer is a potential if not an actual producer. His interests, therefore, in the long run cannot be essentially different from those of the producers. They who hold these interests to be fundamentally divergent expose themselves to the inevitable suspicion having their own axe to grind in keeping up this camouflage of British Imperialism. And as every industry ultimately depends upon agriculture or extraction from the bowels of the mother earth, it is still more absurd to urge the danger of a conflict between the agriculturist and the industrialist. But even granting the whole assumption for the sake of argument, the retort might well be made that the guardianship of Indian interests, whether conflicting or harmonious, may most fitly be left to the popular spokesman in the assemblies of the nation. This is not merely a reply. It implies a challenge. Will the champions of the Majority report take it up?

Protection and Currency Muddle,

There is, however, one argument in the remarks just quoted which must not be allowed to pass unnoticed even in this cursory survey of the recommendations. The Majority would circumscribe the policy of protection in order to maintain our present currency system, which, they assume, depends for its proper functioning upon a prosperous export trade. The currency policy of India is fundamentally indefensible, and every consideration of national statesmanship, every demand of the commonest commercial honesty has long since required its radical revision. Had one not seen this specious argument solemnly urged in cold print, one would not have believed any body of experienced men of the world capable of seriously advancing as a reason for a particular policy of national development the need to maintain a system, which has cost us fifty crores in hard cash in a frenzy of financial intemperance by the amateur heads of the Finance department in India, and which even now, on the Commission's own assumption, needs a particular alignment of our industrial policy with a powerful brake upon the speed of its development,—all because this miserable chapter of unredeemed and unending blunders may be maintained. Can the force of futility further go? What is it, we ask, which has prompted this argument? The mention of the [illegible] would at best suggest an argument for the reform of that system, not a restriction of the degree of Protection that our industries demand.

Unnatural Combination.

The same want of perspicacity and logic is traceable in recommendations like that in para 94 which says:—

"The Tariff, as we envisage it, will be a combination of revenue and protective duties." This is a fundamentally false principle and will if given effect to be proportionately mischievous in practice. Though the terms of reference required the Commission "to examine with reference to all the interests concerned the tariff policy of the Government of India"; and though we cannot overlook the financial considerations, especially in the present state of India, still the combination of revenue considerations in a Protectionist tariff is bound to defeat its own purpose. For, in proportion as it is intended to afford real protection to any given national industry against foreign products of a like nature by means of increasing import duties, the ideal in view would be the exclusion of the foreign product from competition in the domestic market. But, if the foreign imports are altogether checked, the revenue must of necessity fall off, even though the rate may be very high, for the simple reason that there will be no goods imported, thanks to the prohibitive Protective duty, to pay the tax. In proportion as the ideal of Protection, therefore, succeeds, the ideal of revenue must disappear. The tariff manipulator, however, who seeks from the increased duties to derive increased revenue must either not care for Protection at all, or if Protection is granted, it must not be the primary condition in his mind. The demands of revenue would induce the Minister so to arrange the scale of duties, as, with the lowest rate, to get the greatest imports, and, therefrom, the greatest revenue. But the lowest rate consistent with greatest imports will of necessity mean no Protection. The Majority have referred again and again to the existing scale of Indian duties as affording some Protection. If so, we can only say that the Protection was never intended by the authors of the present tariff of India, and not having been intended to be protective, the existing scale of customs duties fails to take into account the requirements of each industry. It is, therefore, burdensome without being Protective, and if the Commission did no more than stereotype, or even justify the present hap-hazard policy of the Government of India, the fundamental object of their appointment would have been sadly belied. The Majority have, of course, left themselves no alternative but this self-contradictory suggestion of a combination of protective with productive considerations in the customs policy of the Indian Government. For they have oraculated: (in Ch. V. para 76:—)

"High Taxes on income are undoubtedly a handicap to industrial development; and there are many who hold that the rates ruling at the present moment are distinctly too high for the interests of industry and the general prosperity of the country. The witnesses whom we examined on this point were almost unanimous in the opinion that direct taxation has reached its limit under the present conditions; and in view of the general feeling in the country we do not think any material increase in this form of taxation is feasible. If, therefore, any further increase in taxation becomes necessary it will have to take the form of indirect taxation."

The conclusion is, of course, inevitable, granted the premises. But are the premises sound? Will no one ask the authors of this paragraph, whether in the conclusion regarding the impracticability of any increase in direct taxation, i.e., the taxes which the rich alone have to pay, they are not,—(we would be charitable and say, unconsciously),—guilty of selfishness in safeguarding the interests of the richer classes only? It comes with very bad graee, even if it were true, from the people who have been at such pains to limit industrial Protection in the interests of the consumers of India. It comes with very poor logic from men who have been specifically appointed to suggest means for the improvement of the fiscal policy with a view to industrialise this country. It is bad finance inasmuch as it blocks the only really productive source of revenue, and thereby renders the unnatural combination of protective and productive considerations in tariff adjustments inevitable. It is bad economics, bad politics, bad ethics to exempt the richer classes from taxation, precisely at a time when measures are suggested which would, if realised, very probably add still further to their riches, and yet prevent the rapid and complete industrialisation of the country by a half-hearted, hesitating ungracious tariff of revenues and protection, which increase the cost to the consumer, (and incidentally the profit of the foreign manufacturer or importer), without substantially adding to the industrial enrichment of the whole country. It is to be hoped the Legislature will not be influenced by such obvious camouflage, and perpetrate a fiscal policy that will only result in hastening the universal class conflict between those who have and those who have not, which is yet happily unknown here.

Duty of Legislature.

As already stated it is intended to examine the specific recommendations in detail later on in connection with such topics as the investment of foreign capital in this country and the grant of Imperial Preference, the constitution of the authority to frame and suggest the actual measure and the specific means of granting Protection to particular industries, as well as the general scheme of the whole system taken collectively. But in this general survey it is necessary to reiterate and emphasize the danger of allowing to pass without challenge the common claptrap of interested parties masquerading as high economic science, at whose alter the Indian Government has freely sacrificed the defenceless Indian interests in the past, and, if the danger is not duly attended to even now, there is no guarantee that they will not so sacrifice in the immediate future. The Commission was one from whom a great deal was expected. Its recommendations sadly belie these expectations. But it is not too late to take heed even now. For Commissions can but recommend; it is for the Legislature to realise their recommendations. That these recommendations are not all that could be desired will only reflect upon the members of the Commission, and mean little or no danger to India as a whole, if the constitutional trustees of her interests are gone forewarned in time against deserting or betraying their solemn trust. For the policy they evolve in the next few months would mean the emancipation or the economic enslavement of India for a generation at least.

BENGAL GOVT. EXPENDITURE.

RETRENCHMENT SUGGESTED BY NATIONAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 14.

The Bengal National Chamber of Commerce have submitted their suggestions to the Bengal Retrenchment Committee. The chamber say that taxation in Bengal has reached its utmost limit. They must have recourse to retrenchment and a cessation of Government loans for ordinary administrative purposes. The case of Bengal is exceptionally bad. The chamber suggests that the services should be gradually Indianised and the difference between higher and lower grades of services should be reduced and travelling allowances to officers should be curtailed. With a view to reduce the expenses of double administration, the Chamber points out that Orissa should be returned to Bengal and Bihar re-amalgamated with the United Provinces. There should be two executive councillors and two ministers for each province with a pay of Rs. 40,000, Divisional Commissionerships should be abolished, their work being taken up by Revenue Board.

SELF-HELP BY N. C. O'S.

A SURAT EXAMPLE.

(From our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Sept. 15.

The Board of Management which has replaced the Surat City Municipality has for a long time neglected to remove mud and cesspools of stinking water from the roads, lanes and bylanes. It created a situation very dangerous to public health causing grave anxiety to the public regarding the outbreak of an epidemic. Leading N. C. O's resolved to take up this task voluntarily. Hundreds of people are coming forward to do this social service. The work is to commence from Sunday morning. As a result of this movement the Board seems to have woke up from its lethargy and some roads are being cleansed to-day. Dr. Dixit, President of the suspended Municipality and other leading members have come forward themselves to remove the dirt by shovel and baskets.

CASE AGAINST MR MAZHARUL HAQUE.

(Associated Press.)

PATNA, Sept. 14.

At Patna to-day before Mr. Johnstone, Additional District Magistrate, the defamation case against Mr. Mazharul Haque, Editor, "Motherland" and Jadunandan Lal, ex-Non-cooperation prisoner at Bunar Jail was taken up. The fact of the cose are that Jadunandan Lal on release from jail published a statement in the "Motherland" that the complainant Mr. Santish Mukerjee, jailor at Bexar had grossly insulted and severely assaulted a prisoner Kabilosh Mian for refusing to give up his Gandhi Cap. Mr. Mazhurul Haque is undefended. Messrs. Asgar, C. C. Das and Chandabansi Sahai, Barristers represented Jadunandan Lal. The Government pleader prosecuted.

Mr. Santosh Mukerjee examined denied having insulted and assaulted the prisoner and said that on the 12th June cap from one Kobilas Mian prisoner as the latter refused to give it and reported the matter to the Superintendent who punished him. Cross examination has been reserved.

Mr. Orrah, Superintendent said that he enquired into the allegations but found no evidence, saw no mark of violence on the person of Kabilash. Examined by Mr. Asgar he said that in the middle of May last, he received a letter from the Inspector General of Prisons that the wearing of a Gandhi cap by prisoners was to be considered an offence, but the letter did not prescribe any punishment for the same. While enquiring into the allegations against Mr. Santosh, he did not examine Kabilash Mian in the morning of the same day. Kabilash refused to make any statement. The case will be proceeded with to-morrow.

MR. HAQUE ON PARTIAL HUNGER STRIKE.

Mr. Mazharul Haque who is now undergoing simple imprisonment in connection with another defamation case interviewed by his friends said that he was on a partial strike living on two pieces of bread a day for the last 16 days. He did not take any food sometimes for 40 hours at a stretch. He said that he was reforming the jail and had succeeded in removing about two thirds of the grievances.

MADRAS COUNCIL.

SEPARATION OF FUNCTIONS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Sept. 14.

The Council satagain to-day, the Deputy President presiding.

The resolution relating to the separation of judicial and executive functions was next discussed. The Law Member agreeing to accept the following amended resolution it was passed:—

"This Council recommends to Government that a committee be appointed to investigate and report on the steps to be taken to separate judicial and executive functions now exercised by some of the officers, the cost involved in taking of such steps, the different stages in which separation may be given effect to, if it cannot be carried out easily at once, the administrative changes necessary for the purpose, and any legislation that may have to be undertaken."

There was a heated discussion in the Council in the afternoon on the resolution, for reserving certain high appointments, which was passed by the House by a large majority 62 voting for and 10 against. The resolution runs as follows:—This Council recommends to Government that at least one Conservator of Forests, one Deputy Inspector General of Police and one member of the Board of Revenue be Indians.

BEHAR EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

TO CONSIST OF TWO MEMBERS ONLY.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Sept. 14.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the recommendation of the Government of Bihar and Orissa and the Government of India that the Executive Council in Bihar and Orissa be reduced from three to two members with effect from 1st November 1922, the date on which Sir Havilland Le Mesurier vacates his office.

MR. C. R. DAS STILL IN BAD HEALTH.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 14.

Mr. C. R. Das has returned from Darjeeling. He has not yet recovered and Darjeeling has not done him much good either. He has been advised by his doctors to go for a change to Kashmere and take absolute rest for some time. He is leaving to-morrow with his family by the Punjab Mail for Kashmir. On his way he will halt at Amritsar and preside over a meeting of the Congress Working Committee on the 17th.

POONA RACES.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS (BY "SENEX")

THE ELGIN PLATE.—1 mile. (Div. I.)

BLACKWATER	1
RAGAZZO	2
ROSEY TREAD	3

THE ELGIN PLATE.—1 mile. (Div. II.)

OLIVINE	1
KNIGHT OF CLONMEL	2
PILGRIM'S PASS	3

THE ELGIN PLATE.—1 mile. (Div. III.)

MISS GOODENOUGH	1
RECIPROCITY	2
MILLMOUNT	3

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE. 6 Furlongs.

STEEL BLUE	1
BLACK TOP	2
SUGAR CANE	3

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—1½ miles.

ISHALLAH	1
DARTMOOR	2
ROSE HILL	3

THE WESTERN INDIA DERBY STAKES. 1¼ Miles.

BRIXWORTH	1
FLAMING ORB	2
THE MINX	3

THE LUDLOW STEEPLECHASE. About 2½ Miles.

TRAVELLER	1
COUNT HANNIBAL	2
ELHAM VALLEY	3

THE WESTERN INDIA STAKES.—1¼ Miles.

SWEET ADARE	1
MARCODIA	2
THE DEVIL	3

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE.—6 Furlongs.

JOY GIRL	1
MOSSLEY	2
TROSTAN	3

THE BEYRUT PLATE.—6 Furlongs.

ARVIL	1
REEMAN	2
MARCH ALONG	3

2ND MEETING—1ST DAY.

HORSES-LEFT-IN.

SATURDAY, 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1922.
First Race at 1-30 p.m.

THE WESTERN INDIA STAKES. Distance 1¼ miles.

Sweet Adare 9-2, Quarryman 9-0, Silver Jug 8-12, The Devil 8-11, Atoli 8-11, Simon's Choice 8-9, Royal Charter 8-8, Carborundum 8-8, Brendan 8-7, Marcodia 8-5, William the Beau 8-5, Floreal 8-2, Christmas Holiday 8-2, Love Glass 7-12.

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Zea 9-2, Cruched Glass 8-12, Divide 8-10, Mimi 8-8, The Count 8-8, Whit Week 8-7, Southern Beauty 8-7, Murmansk 8-4, Trostan 8-3, Flight Errant 8-3, Mossley 8-2, Joy Girl 8-2, Whispering 8-1, Lover True 8-0, Dayspring 7-13, Golden Treasury 7-10, Cracknel 7-6, Dialect 7-4.

THE WESTERN INDIA DERBY STAKES. Distance 1 1-4 Miles.

Flaming Orb 9-0, Sarsaparilla 9-0, Chinese White 9-0, Brixworth 9-0, Crab Apple 9-0, Risen Again 8-11, Eagle's Way 7-11, Vole of York 8-11, The Minx 8-11, Lady Loo 8-11, Lisnasharrah 8-11,.

THE TURF CLUB CUP. Distance 1½ Miles.

Dilawar 9-10, Dartmoor 9-10, Khaboor 9-3, Tipperary 8-12, Union Jack 8-11, Mandil 8-9, Rose Hill 8-7, Shahzada 8-5, Kusra 8-4, Kitchener 8-4, Hakum 8-3, Lamington 7-11, Ishallah 7-11, Bahadorjung 7-8, Cummer 7-7, Apollo 7-7, Brindisi 7-6, Desert Flower 7-4.

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Steel Blue 10-6, Crepe-de-Chine 10-2, Sugar Cane 9-13, Better Hope 9-9 Sweet Apple 9-2, Black Top 8-9 Maple 8-8, Discarded 8-6, Better Luck 8-5, Mountain Apple 8-2, Criadillo 7-11, Shirtaj 7-6, Toddy 7-6 Cider 6-12 Monsoon Jack 6-12.

THE LUDLOW STEEPLECHASE. Distance about 2½ Miles.

Repartee 12-7, Tugboat 12-7, Traveller 12-7, Major Saxham 11-10, Tessie 11-8, Count Hannibal 10-10, Elham Valley 9-10, Corkscrew 9-8, Prim 9-7, Bristol Cream 9-7.

THE BEYRUT PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs. Waterloo 9-4, Nevermind 9-1, Arvil 8-10, Winning Post 8-8, Pride of Iraq 8-6, March Along 8-4, Reeman 8-0, Peninsula 7-13, Karam 7-12, Dowlat 7-10, Leopold 7-9 Marshal Petain 7-8, Ayr Laddie 7-4, Vernon 7-4.

THE ELGIN PLATE. Distance 1 Mile.
(Division I.)

Rosey Tread 9-9, Britomart 9-8, Blackwater 9-6, Ragazzo 9-4, Lady Cleopatra 9-1, Mirabelle 8-13, Beggar Prince 8-12, Bohea 8-10, Some Scribe 8-9, Glass Rock 8-8, Royol Jewel 8-8, Anthracite 8-4, Ila's Fancy 8-4, Cahir Lass 8-3, Limehouse Lghts 8-1, Overseas 7-9, Cheery Grl 7-9, Another Nght 7-4, Lady Rita 7-3,

THE ELGIN PLATE. Distance 1 Mile.
(Division II.)

Eagleswell 9-8, Gold Reef 9-2, Paragua 8-12, Olivine 8-11, Knight of Clonmel 8-10, Eccleston 8-10, Raking 8-8, Curator 8-5, Old Chris 8-4, Silver Wedding 8-4, Pilgrim's Pass 8-1 Desert Gold 8-0, First Grade 7-12, Elsewise 7-9, Sevenbeans Jam 7-6, Pretty Margaret 7-3, Tasty 7-0.

THE ELGIN PLATE. Distance 1 Mile.
(Division III.)

Reciprocity 9-6, Millmount 9-4, Meg Merrilies 9-2, Miss Goodenough 8-12, Roi Grison 8-10, Bathurst 8-10, Perfect Day 8-5, Somali 8-4, Prime Boy 8-3, Lomo 8-3, Percival 8-1, Charles William 7-11, Marby 7-8, Vlinger 7-7, Jadoo 7-6.

BOMBAY RACING SEASON 1923

WESTERN INDIA CHAMPION STAKES

To be run at Bombay, February Meeting, 1923.
The Western India Champion Stakes of Rs. 50,000, of which Rs. 30,000 will go to the winner, Rs. 10,000 to the second, Rs. 5,000 to the third, and Rs. 5,000 to the nominator of the winner.
For 4 years old only.
Australasian Colts, 9st. 3lbs. Fillies and Geldings, 9st. 0lb.
English Colts, 9st. 0lb. Fillies and Geldings, 8st. 11lbs.
Distance—1¼ Miles.
Entrance Rs. 200 each, with an additional Rs. 100 if left in 1st November, 1922, and a further Rs. 50 for starters.

ENTRIES CLOSED ON 1ST. SEPTEMBER 1922.

1. Mr. A. M. Khairaz's b e g Risen Again by Imp. Rock Flints—Violet Tints 3 years
2. Mr. C. N. Wadia's ch e f Akuilegia by White Eagle—Herb of Grace 3 years.
3. Mr. C. N. Wadia's b e f Golden Fancy by Golden Sun—Tennyson 3 years.
4. Mr. P. G. Singhanee's b e f Lisnashrragh by Battle-axe—Royaldale 3 years.
5. Mr. P. G. Singhanee's b or br e f Hair-spring by Chaucer—Hair Trigger II 3. years
6. Mr. C. N. Wadia's ch e c Chinese White by Kwang Su—Marie Blanche 3 years.
7. Mr. C. N. Wadia's br e c Coleby by Swynford—Amoreuse 3 years.
8. H. H. Maharaja of Mysore's b e c Hill and Dale by Lemberg—Mossdale 3 years.
9. H. H. Maharaja of Mysor's b e c Raahh by Black Jester—Radiancy 3 years.
10. H. H. Genl. Nawab Obaidulla Khan's br e f Miss Evans by Steadfast—My Dame 3 years.
11. Mr. R. R. S's br e c South Crofty by Black Jester—Rosa Croft 3 years.
12. Mr. Dhunjibhoy's br c Dugald Dalgetty by Hurry On—Perfect Peach 3 years.
13. Mr. N. C. Wadia's b or e g. Kintail by Fariman—Desmint 3 years.
14. Mr. N. Cannon's b e f The Minx by Great Sport—Mindful 3 years.
15. Mr. N. Cannon's ch e g Springbuck by Beppo—Sweet Vernal 3 years.
16. Mr. N. Cannon's b or br e f Vale or York by Juggernaut—Belle Vale 3 years.
17. Mr. Shantidas Askuran's ch e g Happy Times my Sunbright—Rue Time 3 years.
18. Mr. M. Goculdass' b e c Flaming Orb by Flying Orb— St. Filans 3 years.
19. Mr. M. Goculdass' ch e c Sarsaparilla by Sunstar-Cyrilla 3 years.
20. Mr. M. Goculdass' b e g Nicety by Marcus—Nevolnice 3 years.
21. Mr M. Goculdass' br e c Aldergrove by Corcyra—Sun and Air 3 years.
22. Mr.MM. Goculdass' b e f Footpedal by Volta—Brogue 3 years.
23. Mr. Sangidas Jesiram's b or br ec Brixworth by Wildair —Cuptoseer 3 years.
24. Mr. Sangidas Jesiram's br e f Whispering by Diadumenos—Miss Jessica 3 years.
25. Mr. Kelso's b e f Irrigate by Irawaddy—Sober 3 years
26. Mr. P. Pogose's bl e g Nat Gould by Torloisk—Lucky Girl 3 years.
27. Mr. P. G. Singhanee's b e f Voltage by Volta—Curtagon 3 years.
28. Mr. P. G. Singhanee's b e f Coryste by Corcyra—Whinston 3 years.
29. Mr. Goculdass' ch aus g Green Malt by Malt King —Faustine 4 years.
30. Mr. Pine's br aus g Burramaronga by Burrabadeen—Crete 4 years.
31. Mr. Heath's b e f Esk Water by Cannobie—St. Genevieve 3 years.
32. Mr. Heath's b e g Golden Gleam by Golden Sun—Leucadia 3 years.

ACQUISITION OF JAIN LANDS.

NO ROOM FOR ANY LEGITIMATE GRIEVANCE.

A Press Note issued by the Government of Bombay, in connection with the acquisition by the Bombay City Improvement Trust of land near the Jain Temple at Love Lane, Byculla, says that many representations have been received by Government and many articles have recently appeared in the public press containing severe criticisms of and protests against the action of the Improvement Trust and of Government in the matter of the acquisition by the Trust of a plot of land near the Jain Temple at Love Lane, Byculla.

"In view of the difficulty of arriving at a compromise the Honourable Khan Bahadur Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Minister in charge, personally met a deputation of the Jain Community on the spot in March 1922, and in view of representations then made Government instituted enquiries as to the amount actually collected by the Jains for the purpose of building chawls. These enquiries showed that while promises had been made no money had been actually collected. The acquisition proceedings have been completed long ago, and full compensation has been paid by the Improvement Trust to the Jain Community. It has been decided by the Trustees that they will commence building their chawls on the side of the plot furthest from the Temple and it is still open to the Jain Community to secure permission from the Trustees to build a row of chawls on the Temple side and so to ensure that none of the chawls near the Temple is inhabited by others than members of their own Community.

In carrying out large schemes of improvement it is impossible to meet entirely the wishes of all parties affected, and it is essential that such questions should be approached in a spirit of compromise. The Trustees owe a duty to the residents of the Kuzri Bazar area as well as to the Jain Community, and Government are of opinion that the compromise which the Trustees have proposed in order to meet not only the rights but the sentiments of the Jain Community is an eminently reasonable one, and leaves no room for any legitimate grievance.

Quaxi Azamuddin Ahmed, Minister of Datia has endowed Rs. 20,000 and created a special trust for the award of scholarships of Rs. 10 per month to Muslim University students.

WEDNESDAY'S MEETING.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am afraid there would likely be much misunderstanding as regards the meeting held under the auspices of the Presidency Association, yesterday evening. The conduct of the chairman was arbitrary. It was as clear as daylight that the majority was against the passing of the first resolution. The chairman wanted to pass it in the name of the citizens of Bombay and surely the citizens did not allow it to be passed in their name. I am sure no one can blame us for intolerence: We heard all the speakers calmly: But Sir, how can we allow the resolution to be passed when the majority was against it? We therefore demanded that votes should be taken. The chairman would not allow that too. He took, for granted that the resolution was passed as it was. But by whom? By those selected few? Surely the majority was against it. The chairman finding himself in a tight corner dissolved the meeting. After the dissolution of the meeting, we had a long conversation with Mr. H. P. Mody. The arguments that were brought forward by Mr. Mody are as under:—

(1) That the chairman's action was not arbitrary, but constitutional.

(2) That he was very much disappointed at the termination of the meeting in that way.

(3) That only a few had shouted at the top of their voice and that appeared like a majority against the resolution while really speaking the majority was in favour of passing it.

(4) Under all circumstances the chairman's ruling should be respected.

(5) That in the Marwadi Vidyallaya and at such other places when public meetings are held the same procedure is followed.

(6) That if such course is pursued, public meetings of the other side of opinion would be impossible, etc., etc.

I shall now try very briefly to give below what reply I had given to the said gentleman there and then. I said:—

(1) The Chairman's conduct was arbitrary and unconstitutional because he ought to have taken votes when he saw a clear division. The majority of the audience was demanding the votes to be taken. That was constitutional on our part. But the chairman dissolved the meeting seeing that their purpose would not be served knowing well of course that the majority was against passing the first resolution.

(2) I saw that Mr. Mody should blame the chairman and not us for his disappointment because on our part we were tolerant, but we certainly could not allow our birthright of expressing our opinion in favour or against to be thus flouted.

(3) The chairman's ruling is always respected if it does not come in any way against the dictates of one's conscience and also against the public expression of opinions.

(4) In other meetings votes were never demanded and I do not remember in any of the public meetings if demanded votes were refused.

(5) Certainly, if they think that the public is against passing such a meek and mild resolution, they can pass it in their own Association and send it, but never in the name of the citizens of Bombay who are against passing such mild and worthless resolutions.—Yours, etc.,

AMOOLAKHRAY P. SARAIYA.

Bombay, Sept. 14.

AUTOBIOGRAPHIES.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The task of writing autobiographies must be so exhilarating, fascinating and paying, that modern Ministers, with their engrossing engagements, can find sufficient time to rush through their regular work, and even complete their favourite task in time! According to the latest advices, we find—

(1) That the Wizard of Wales, Lloyd George, is busy with his autobiography! One wonders, how he will account for his forgetful memory in respect of his solemn pledges still unfulfilled! And how he will explain away his seven scraps of paper.

(2) Then there is the Pinchbeck Napoleon, Winston Churchill, equally active with his auto-biography! He is perhaps one of the few ministers, who have so many rides and so many falls in so short a time as seven years! Will he deal with the 'Seven Hats,' that he put on and off, during this period, and the mess that he has made all through?

(3) Next comes on the scene Sir Surendranath Bannerjea—the Surrender-Not of the Partition days—who, as an Indian Minister, is engaged in writing his auto-biography! Will Sir S. Bannerjea take us into his confidence and tell us truthfully, whether the lot of the peasants is improved one iota by the present Reforms?

And following the lead of their guru, Sir Surrendranath, will not some other ministers and members of Government, try their hands at auto-biography? They may not get the tempting terms of English Publishers! But surely, the "Pioneer," the "Englishman" or the "Statesman" would bid for their work! If Sir Sankaran Nair, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Sir Narrayen Chandavarkar, Lala Harkishan Lal and the Raja of Mahmudabad were to take to auto-biography, we shall have some interesting reading!—Yours, etc.,

PARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

SECOND WEEK!!

COMMENCING TO-NIGHT

Chapters 6—7—8—9. (5000 feet.)

INTERNATIONALLY SUCCESSFUL, THE STAGE VERSION OF

KISMET WILL NEVER DIE

COME!

Bombay is Humming with praise of it!

THE PHOTOPLAY THAT IS GENERALLY CONCEDED TO BE

GREATER THAN THE GREATEST

HERETOFORE PRODUCED, INTRODUCING TO THE SCREEN WORLD

OTIS SKINNER

AMERICA'S FOREMOST ROMANTIC CHARACTER ACTOR IN THE PLAY THAT IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE HIS MOST NOTEWORTHY SUCCESS

KISMET

Edward Knoblock's Famous Spectacular Drama

DIRECTED BY GASNIERS

MORE GORGEOUS THAN THE BEAUTY OF SOUTHERN SKIE

THE MARVEL OF CINEMA ART

A ROBERTSON-COLE SUPER-SPECIAL

The Programme includes the New Screen Magazine and a 2-Reel Fatty Comedy: "BACK STAGE" featuring the pet comedian of the millions—the irreprissible.

FATTY ARBUCKLE

Five Shows To-day and To-morrow at, 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)

WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD.)

Blood Poisoning

Yet Another Grand Recovery

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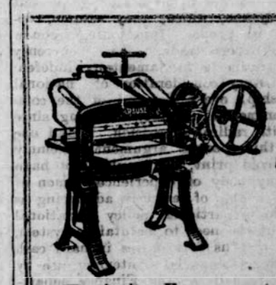

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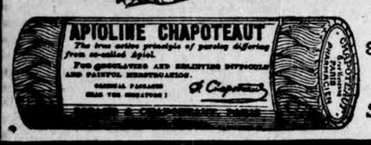

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MOTHER
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INDIAN MUSIC.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Some days back there appeared in your paper an article on Indian Music over the signature of Mr. G. Scrinzi. Therein he mentioned that H. E. The Governor addressing the Poona Gayan Samaj stated. . . . "The most important problem is to reduce Indian Music to a systematic form with an accepted scale of notation." His long letter contends in short that. (1) The systems of notation such as that invented by the Principal of the Gandharva Mahavidalaya is inadequate. (2) That the staff notation with some changes is a "a perfect medium for fixing on paper every detail of music." Finally he urges the organising of an All India Conference of Indian musicians.

Mr. Scrinzi has made a really valuable suggestion when he asked for an All India Conference. His zeal, to, for advancing Indian music is truly inspiring and deserves imitation. Unfortunately, perhaps, his (as he frankly confesses) "comparative ignorance of Indian Music" mars his appreciation of two fundamental facts about Indian Music. (1) No notation will hold players of Indian music, unless the "Pitch" of Indian musical instruments is first standardised. (2) Adopting staff notatation will involve changes in that notation to such an extent that it would be better far to invent a new notation. Else the present Indian musical instruments will have to be changed so much, that they will differ very little from modern Eropean instruments.

This then is a point requiring explanation: One "Pizz" or pull of an Indian musical instrument produces more than six notes. How are these notes to be shown by the staff notation? In considering this difficulty we must remember further, that the note is made by a side pull on the "Fret or Purdah." How then can a note on paper be executed accurately by a number of musicians playing the same tune? This then is one of the chief obstacles in the way of fixing a notation.

My intimate knowledge of both European and Indian music helps me to form a clear survey of the question in hand. In my composing of music with staff notation I have made many experiments. I have been able to incorporate even Punjabi songs into Western or Staff Notation. But to write Indian music, exactly as it stands, into Western Notation has not been possible. To give only one example: It has been my fortune to organise bands for His Late Highness the Maharaja of Rewah. His Highness, who spent scores of thousands of Rupees, was an enthusiast of the highest order in this line. It was his greatest wish to form a band of Indian string instruments. I did organise and conduct for him such a band with staff notation, but in spite of my gratest efforts inly a limited number of pieces could be played. Those pieces containing the "Pizz or quavering" note peculiar to Indian music could not be set for soli a band.

Clearly then a Conference such as that suggested by Mr. G. Scrinzi must consider two primary points. (1) The fixing of a standard pitch for All Indian musical instruments. (2) The invention of a completely new notation.—Yours, etc.

S. G.

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In the course of a letter which Mr. C. T. Wheeler, General Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of India and Burma has sent to the Agent, B. B. and C. I. Railway he says:—

Dear Sir,—I have to intimate that information has come to me with regard to the absence of a footbridge, level crossing or other protected means by which passengers or Railway employees desiring to cross from the Broad to the metre gauge or vice versa at Sabarmati Station, is non-existent, with the result that within the short space of a week, three lives have been lost.

Your attention had already been drawn to two deaths that occurred a few months ago throught the same cause. Upto the present no action has been taken by you to prevent a recurrence.

I also understand that the authorities responsible for this delinquency prevented the removal of the corpse of a lady, whose death occurred on the 29th August, till twelve hours after the occurrence.

I have, therefore, to draw your immediate attention to the imperative necessity of providing a footbridge or other safe means of passage by which the lives of intending passengers and Railway employees, who desire to cross from one side of the Station to the other, may not be jeopardised.

This communication, I have further to say, is being notified to the Press for necessary action.

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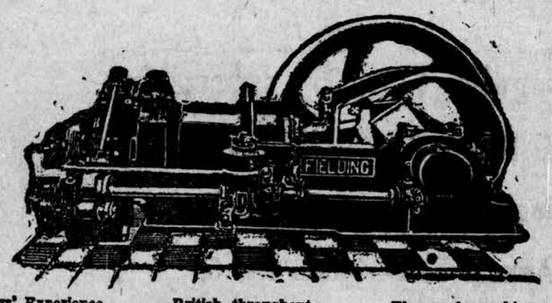

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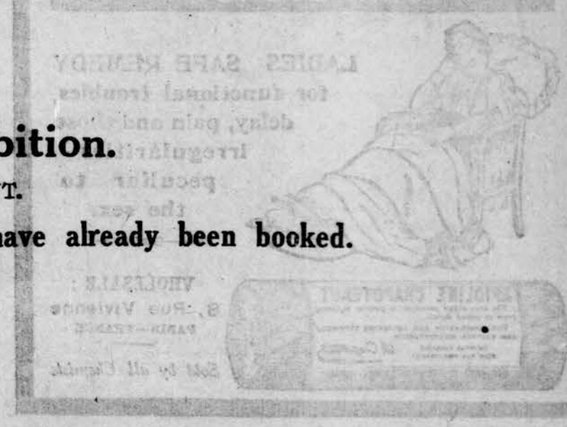

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ALL-INDIA INDUSTRIAL ART AND KHADDAR EXHIBITION.

TO BE HELD IN BOMBAY NEXT MONTH.

It is arranged to hold in Bombay an All-India Industrial, Art and Khaddar Exhibition from the 8th to 25th October 1922. The Managing Committee of the Swaraj Sabha Volunteer Corps, under whose auspices the Exhibition is being held have secured Madhav Baug for the purpose. No better or more central site could have been secured by the organizers and it is a matter of good enquiry.

The Exhibition is mainly intended to demonstrate to the public of Bombay the unlimited potentialities and prospects of Indian Arts and Manufactures, Exhibits of Khaddar of various patterns will form a special feature of the Exhibition. It is intended to organize practical demonstration of hand-spinning and hand-weaving and thus make the exhibition an object lesson to the public.

The Exhibition will be divided into various sections and only articles of genuine Indian make—whether hand or machine made, will be allowed to be exhibited.

The Managing Committee of the Swaraj Sabha Volunteer Corps have secured the services of an influential Advisory Board consisting among others of such well known leaders and businessmen as Srimati Sarajini Naidu, Seth Lakhmidas Raoji Tairsee, Seth Bhawanidas Motiwala, Seth Haji Ahmed Siddick Khatri, Mr. Osman Sobhani, Mr. B. F. Barucha and several others of note. Deshbandhu Das is expected to open the Exhibition. Already several leading Manufacturers of various Indian articles and Khaddar both in Bombay and outside have consented to participate in the Exhibition. The Managing Committee of the Swaraj Sabha Volunteer Corps appeal for the co-operation of Indian Manufacturers and Artisans in making the Exhibition a success by sending their manufactures for Exhibition.

A limited number of stalls will be erected for the convenience of Exhibitors and applications are invited for these stalls from intending Exhibitors. In the allotment of stalls priority of application will be taken into consideration, and having regard to the fact that the number of stalls available is small, intending persons are requested to apply to the undersigned without delay.

Electric lights will be provided and the rent for the whole season will be Rs. 80 per stal in the case of the larger stalls measuring 18 feet by 11feet, and Rs. 50 in the case of smaller ones which measure 10 feet by 10 feet. A small charge per light will be made for lighting.

Gold, Silver and other Medals and Certificates of Merit will be awarded for the exhibits adjudged to be the best by the Exhibition Committee. For further particulars concerning the exhibition etc., applications should me made and the Exhibits superscribed Exhibition—Indian Industrial, Art and Khaddar should be forwarded to Messrs. Vaidaya Brothers Bhaijeewanji Lane Thakurdwar Bombay—2.

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"As the time at our disposal is extremely limited, we entreat all to cooperate heartily as our united ambition is to-day is the "Encouragement of Indian Industries and Boycott of foreign goods."

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Secretaries, Swaraj Sabha Volunteer Corps.

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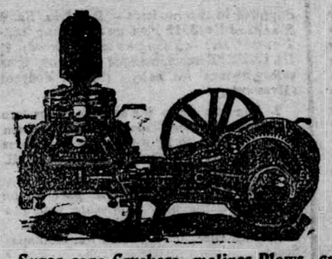

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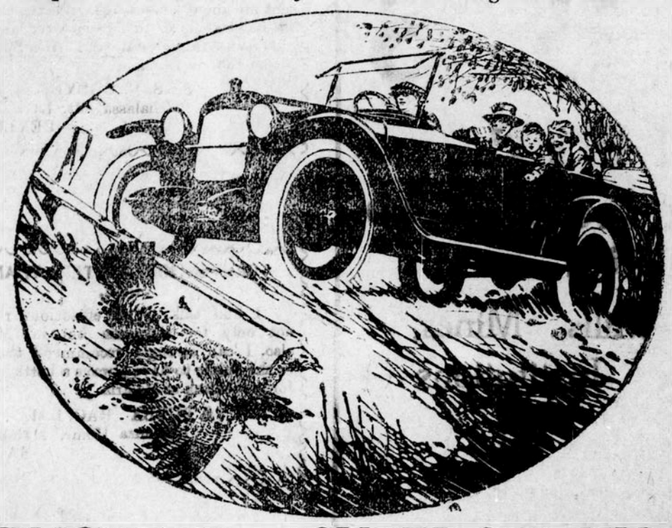

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